BEREA PUBLISHING CO.

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THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Our Threefold Aim: To Give the news of Berea and vicinity: to record the happenings of Berea Coilege; to be of interest to all the Mountain People.

Vol. XXII.

Five Cents Per Copy

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 22, 1920.

One Doilar and Fifty Cents a Year

The Germans Must Pay

These Germans that we were fighting we desire to be friends with again. But they continue to act in a way that compels us to dislike them. When the armistice was signed they agreed to pay for some of the churches and factories and bridges and houses that they destroyed needlessiy in France and Belgium and they agreed to give up a part of their weapons of war, and reduce their army so that they and the other nations would be saved the awful expense of keeping up great military forces just so as to watch one another. They have not carried out these agreements, and the League of Nations is compelling them to do so. Good for the League i

A Chance to Get Rich

You are receiving more maney than you ever did before. You get more for your produce, and more for your day's work. But just because you have more money than usual, you are tempted to spend more! It is true that most things you have to buy cost more. But it is not in proportion. And you can go without some of the expensive things and save money.

The fart is that just at this time when part of the world is starving, and when many poor people are having the chance of their lives to lay up money and become independent, there is more money spent than ever for autos and candy and jewelry.

Parents Can Help Make Better Schools

According to the statistics given by the United States Buread of Education, forty-four states in the Union have better systems of education than Kentucky. We are only seven states from the bottom of the list. Every Kentuckian should be determined to better this situation.

The last Legislature passed a number of hills which will help to raise our State's educational standing. The State Superintendent of instruction and the county superintendents and teachers throughout the state are determined to raise the standard. But these men and women will need the cooperation of the parents.

And it is at this point that a word is in place now. One very important thing that the parents can and must do is to see that their children attend school and attend regularly. The law provides for an attendance officer in each county to enforce the attendance laws. It is to be hoped that all parents will assist this officer by seeing to it that their children are in school every day that it is possible for them to be there-

The child cannot reap the benefits of school if he does not nttend. And if he attends fregularly, he will become discouraged and dislike school and will not learn much. He will make additional work for the teacher and take her time away from other pupils. Irregular attendance is bad for the pupil, for his cinssmates and for the teacher. -J. O. L.

RELIGIOUS BATTLING Thisting ne retaileding wherever they are strong enough to do so. IN FIVE SECTIONS

CLASHING OF ARMS IS HEARD IN VAST REGION BETWEEN THE BLACK AND DEAD SEAS.

Christiana Retriisting After Turk Attacks-Greeks and Armenians Victims of M siems-Troops Are to Suppress Raiding in Bosphorus.

Western Newspaper Union News Service Constantinople -- Prediction of distnterested statesmen that the proposed peace trenty with Turkey apportioning the choicest parts of the Turkish Empire among the various European Powers would Halkanize the entire lavent, seemingly has been realized. War exists from the Black Sea to the Dend Sen, the Turks and Arabs being engaged in fighting with the British, French and Greeks in almost countless places. Palestine, Syrm, Phich, Anntolia and Thrace are in religious ferment. Mohimmoddins are massicring or deporting Greeks and Armenhaus.

MICKIE SAYS



a hand through their contract in the timates that the road fund for next tial candidate, after a conference at + publican Congress can page its + Cancausus with the Tarturs, connect- year will amount to \$2,750,000, of the White House. battle front from the Baltic to the Black Sea and stirring the Moselem from the fax on motor horse power, world to greater resistance by prom
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**Stoom of the fax on motor horse power, world to Brent Britain through support of Breek territorial aspirations Hatreds and race prejudices and international battles for commercial advantages in territory and for the fuel oil appear in the center.

Even the Russians here, who blillewith more complacency. They hape rants were issued. for actual control of l'onstanthople by the Museow Hovernment In 169 event of Poland's defeat and the real ization of the pledges made by itussia early in the war. In high official it gruntdingly.

The Indications are that Banned in order to check a further Greek ad ence, vance into Asia Minor. But Musiapha Kemnt Pasha and his regular troops aml bandit associates, who are estimated variously to aggregate from 250,000 to 500,000, still are to be dealt

tionalists and establish a line from Pentusuta Mountains. General Iron it for development. sides, of the British forces, probably will command the troops. His headquarters will be fould. Two British divisions afready are available. These will be increased to an army corps Two Breek regiments will be used. village, with a population of 2,000, near Kuramorsat, virinally was destroyed July 15. The Greeks were shut Inside the church, which was set ou fire. The Patriarch reports that there are only 150 Greeks alive in the vit-

Wine Flows Freely in Boston



Roston policemen buriling bottles of rure wines and whiskles against the wall of station 16. The liquors, wines and ales were selzed in various raids.

Kentucky News

funds and Federal regulations are vere earliquakes here today threw going to confine State highway con- the city and its suburbs into excitestruction in Kentucky next year to ment, indirectly caused injuries to trunk line projects of long standing many men, women and children and -the Dixie and Jackson Highways, Ohio Itiver Itoad, Maye and Mid- rhiefly old ones, but none to a great land Trails and Dixie Bee Line.

Frankfort, Ky., July 18-A survey of the numerals of Western Kentucky has been made by Willard R. Jillson, Kentucky Geologist, and complete report of the survey will be published shortly. The survey which started at the Ohio river in Henderson county includes Webster, presidential ticket in the field. Union, Hopkins, Caldweil, Livingston and Lyon counties and ail of the Purchase District

Frankfort, Ky., July 18. - Jee The Russian Bolsheviki are taking Boggs, State Highway Engineer, es- Cox, of Ohio. Democratic presidenling the Ashalle stringgle from their ballie front from the Ballic to the

of centuries are being displayed he gallons of illicit liquor were dis- America." their most libeous form. Heligious covered and destroyed in raids conducted last week by probibition offleer and sheriffs in Leslie county, O. J. Kvale, of Benson, is disqualithe swirl, of which Constantingde is according to report filed with Fed- fied as the Republican candidate eral Prohibition Agent Paul Wil- for Congress in the seventh Minnehams Sunday. Bige Sizemore, the sota district and Congressman A. J. erio apparently had been unsym only man arrested in the raids, is Volstead, author of the prohibipathetic, are watching the struggle in fail in Whitesburg. Several war- tion enforcement act, is declared to

last week in three sections of heard the suit contesting Kvale's veyed brings to me a reulization of eight pages each. The special edi- nomination quarters here it is said that tirent tion was largely given to the great Britain and Greece stand alone with libble conference which is to be

> the organization of a ten million ing two others. dollar corporation, the Virginia Coal and Coke Company, with offices in

main of the women's forces of the acquainted with the attitude of our Department of Justice, returned to members and officials and I know Lexington Saturday from a trip in- there is no intention of the league Turkish Nationalists continue to raid to the mountain counties of the endorsing any man for President Greek villages on the south shore of Eleventh district, covering on her of the United States." the Gulf of Ismid. The Greek Patri- campaign to reduce the high cost arch reports that FoulndJik, a Greek of living Bell, Whitiey and Harian counties.

Organization of women's ciubs pay envelopes of the nation's two piedged to aid the Department of million ratiroad workers today in Justice in the campaign to reduce the first award handed down by the the high cost of living was com- United States Rallway Labor Board. pleted in Harlan, Corbin, Williamsburg, Middiesboro and Pineville.

Frankfort, Ky., July 18 .- Lack of Los Angeles, July 16 .- Four seslightly damaged several buildings, extent.

> Chicago, July 15 .- Members of the Committee of Forty-eight, who yesterday-holted the fusion movement of the Farmer-Lahor party, tonight, after a day of futile wrangling, adjourned with no arrange-

> Washington, July 19.—Complete + agreement on the League of Na- + pact or conapiracy, wa halt the + lious question and unity of the + march of progress, allence the + party's cause was declared yesterday by the President and Governor

world to greater resistance by prome standard from the cent a gatton fight against the "splendid record" + largely reduced armamants + tsing additional conduct with Soviet gasoline tax and \$600,000 from the established yesterday between + throughout the world." Bussla through Romanth and Int. three cent road tax. These tigures President Witson and Governor + garla. The Bolsheviki declare they show that the motorists of the State Cox, Senator Harding declared in + a chief executive. Wa believe to will subjugate these latter countries will pay \$2,450,000 of the road fund, a statement today that triumph of + a cabinet of highest capacity, + as soon us they have alleaded to Po-the remainder being derived from the remainder being derived from the possible domination of Tarkey by foreign policy which has so griev- + dent, second official of tha Re- + Three stills and several hundred onsly disappointed both Europe and + public, shall be asked to particl. +

> Benson, Minn., July 20.-The Rev. he the duly nominated candidate, in a decision flied here today by committee, ladies and gentlemen; The The Wilmore Enterprise came out District Judge Aibert Johnson, who message which you have formally con

Graham, N. C., July 20.—Quiet pret the covenant of a great political regard to the Turkish trenty. The hold there for ten days, beginning was restored here today after state woven into the history of this repubtialians here openly disavow the Friday, July 23. A goodly number officials had spirited away the lic, and a very sucred and solemn treaty, while the French acquiesce in of noted speakers are to be present three negroes arrested Sunday in undertaking to utter the faith and as and the conference promises to be connection with the assault of pirations of the many millions who one of the largest in the South. As- a white woman at her home here, adhere to that party. The party plat-Ferid Pushu, Grand Vizier, who is de-eldedly anglophile, will organize a new fluory College has played an impor-tant part in providing this confer-tant part in providing this confer-state penitentiary at Raleigh on a consist train of the prisoners were sent to the state penitentiary at Raleigh on a consist train of the prisoners were sent to the form has charted the wny, yet, some-tant part in providing this conferspecial train after crowds jast nominees who must assume specific night had fired on the militia lasks, Whiteshurg, Ky., July 28. - An- guarding the prison, who returned Let me be understood clearly from nouncement has been made here of the fire, killing one man and injur- the very beginning. I believe in party

Cincinnati, July 20.-The Anti-British and Greeks are preparing to New York and Roancke, Va. It is Saloon League will endorse no clear the Scutari peninsula of all an planned to develop 70,000 acres of Presidential candidate and its meetcoal lands in Letcher, Perry and ing in Washington Thursday will Ismid to Chilep, on the Black Sea, Pike counties, most of which lies simply be confined to perfecting aragainst Bosphorus towns and cheek along the L. & N. and C. & O. rait- rangements for a general confercommunication between Angora and roads. Branch lines of road will ence in September, according to Constantluople through the Scuart also take other properties and open Thomas M. Hare, district superintendent, "The league will center its tight on control of Congress." Mrs. A. IJ. Morehead, siate chair- Mr. Hare said. "I believe I am

> Chicago, July 20.—Six hundred million doilurs was added to the Itejecting the demands of the or-(Continued on Page Five)

HARDING SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

Republican Nominee at Notification Ceremonies Discusses Problems Confronting Nation.

"HOLD HERITAGE AMERICAN NATIONALITY UNIMPAIRED"

Advocates Party Reaponaibility as Distinguishad From Dictatorial and Autocratio Paraonal Rule-in Raferring to Laagua of Nations, Saya Wa Do Not Mean to Shun a Single Reaponaltility of Thia Rapublic to World Civilization-Favors Protective Tariff, Merchant Marina, a Small Army, Woman Suffraga and National Bud-

SALIENT POINTS OF SENATOR HARDING'S SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

"I pledge fidelity to our country and to God, and accept the + nomination of the Republican + party for the preaidency of the + United States."

"Tha human alament comea d first, and I want the employara in + industry to understand the asplrations, the convictions, the + yearnings of millions of Ameri- + can wage earners."

"The Constitution contemplates + no class and recognizes no t group. It broadly includes all 4 + the people, with apacific recog- + nition for none." "We approve collectiva bar-

gaining." "Grosa expanalon of currency +

gent and courageous deflation." "When competition - natural, + fair impelling competition - la d auppressed, whether by law, com- + + voice of appiration and paralyza + the will for achiavement,"

"I promise you formal and af-+ fective peace ao quickly aa a Re- + declaration for a Republican + executive to sign."

"Our vision includes more than + + pate."

Marion, O .- (Special.) - Warren G. Harding was officially notified here of didnte for the presidency. His speech of neceptance is, in purt, as follows;

++++++++++++++

Chnirman Lodge, members of Notification Committee, members of National responsibility which is not underestimated. It is a supreme task to luter-

sponsorship in government. I believe



is party government as distinguished (Continued on Page Eight)

World News

Paris, July 16.-The Russian empress and her children were burned alive, after the execution of Emperor Nicholas at Ekaterinburg, it is alleged in statements attributed to Alexis Dolrovitz, fermerly courier to the empress, published here to-

Southampton, July 16 .- American Boy Scouts to the number of 350, all of them in a happy mood, ianded from the American transport, Pocahontas, this afternoon, to attend the flist international conference of scout executives, to be held in London, July 25-30.

Berlin, July 18 .- Prince Joachim of Hohenzollern, youngest son of former Emperor William, committed suicide today in Petsdam.

Joachim is believed to have been in financial straits. He recently was divorced.

Chateau Thierry, July 18 .- The battletleld at Chateau Thierry, where American troops fell with the French, was consecrated today by the presentation of the Legion of Honor and the Croix de Guerro oa the town of Chateau Thierry.

London, July 17 .- A threat to drive the Turk from Europe, "once and for all," is contained in the Allied reply to the Turkish objections to the peace treaty, made publie here today. Such action might follow Turkey's refusal to sign the treaty or her failure to give it effect, the reply states.

Mexico City, July 17.-Provisional President De La Hucrta has anthorized the formation of a consultation branch of industry and labor for the handling of matters relative to petroleum. Its work will include analysis, adjustment of petroleum controversles and the development of the industry.

Spa. Belgium, July 16.-The German representatives signed the coal protocol drawn up by the alifed representatives at 8:45 o'clock tonight, thereby settling one of the most difficult questions which has come up in the present discussion. Signatures were affixed to the document after a four-hour session at the Villa Fraincuse, one hour of which was spent by the Germans in n cabinet consultation in an adjoining room.

London, July 18.-While Premier Lloyd George is returning from Spa, the French are marching on Damascus; Mesopotamia is In a ferment, the whole Arab race is ripe for a revolt, the Bolsheviki are carrying all before them, are within 200 miles of Warsaw and the stratgeical position of the Poles is helpiess, outflanked on the North and South by Red armies, which stretch in a vast semi-circle, threatening closely the heart of that fataliy dejuded

Cork, July 19.—Two military lorries loaded with soldiers which passed through the streets of Cork at 3 o'clock this morning were attacked by civilians with bombs and blown up. Between 60 and 70 soidiers were injured. The civilians threw 29 hombs.

The city was in a state of terror iast night as a result of street fighting which broke out after a bayonetting incident in the street, in which a former soldier was killed. Ahout 10:00 p.m., indis criminate fighting started in many sections of the city. Casualties reported up to this morning were one dead and 14 wounded.

London, July 19.-The British government today received a note from the Russian Soviet Government, stating that Russia was prepared to agree to an armistice and make peace with Poland,

The Boisheviki, according to a communique issued at Moscow Sunday, are energetically pursuing the Poles south of Vilna. In the direction of Lida and Baranovichi the Bolsheviki said they havo reached important points to the eastward of Baranovichi.

Youngest Son of Wilhelm Ends Life. Berlin.-Prince Joachim, younguet son of the former Kulser, shot himself. He was hurried to a hospital, where he died four hours later,

General College News

Hridgeport, Conn., July 15, 1920. Dear "Citizen:"

You have been bringing Berea news to the Yocum family in California for many years now, but this summer Mrs. Vocum is in England, having a much-needed rest from ordinary work and a chance to enjoy many scenes of interest.

I am here with Grace Maiden for several weeks and we would both enjoy having The Citizen come here until further notice. Will you please change to address given below and oblige?

H. Louise Vocum, 235 Hawley Ave., Bridgeport, Conn.

Miss L. A. Lyon of Oherlin and Newark, N. J., spent a week with Miss F. B. Fessenden.

Leo Gilligan stopped here on his way to Nashville to take a summer course in Peabody Teachers' College.

Prof. John F. Smith will atlend the meeting of the Inter-racial Commission at Louisville the latter part of this week.

Miss Bowersox is spending the summer in Lewistown. Pa. She is picking herries and cherries and misy at other manual work and 13 enjoying it very much.

H. E. Taylor was in Louisville on business last Saturday and remained over Sunday. Sunday morning he addressed the Men's Bible Class at the First Baptist Church. More than 300 men were present.

The Coilege has urdered the cement for the construction of the big dam in Pig Hollow, which is to enlarge the water system. The work of excavation is being pushed forward there.

1,362,872 FRENCH KILLED

Final Figures Given on Tricolor's Total Dsad in the Grest European War.

Paris.-Final official atatistics of the ministry of war fixes the total number of French soldlers killed during the great war at 1,362,872. Of this number the details of the fate of 361.854 are unknown.

Reduction of military service to less than two years is impossible at the present time, sald M. Lefevre, minister of war, while explaining the main points of the projected reorganization of the army to the military committee of the chamber of deputtes,

Use of French troops in the orient was discussed by the minister, who declared that forces now in the near east numbered 70,000 men, most of the organizations there being colonial regiments.

Must Wed to Get Wesith,

Valparatao, Ind.—By the terms of the will of Edgar D. Crumpacker his son, Owen L. Crumpacker, a local attorney of this city, is to receive \$500 additional, providing he marries. The younger Crumpacker also will receive a large law library which belonged to his father, who was for years representative in congress from the Tenth Indiana district. He left a large estate, of which a large part consists of land hordering along Lake Michigan, in close proximity to the steel milia of Gary. The local attorney is a bachelor.

The Wonders of America

By T. T. MAXEY

MOUNT RAINIER NATIONAL PARK

66THE mountain that was God," wrote Joha D. Williams. "Mount Big Snow," said the Indiaa. At any rate, the most wonderful monatain in the United States-its hoary-headed peak pierciag the blue sky to a height of almost three miles, while its base covers a huadred aquare miles of territory. Its isolation, standing alone as it does lastesd of in a range, makes its mightiness all the more impressive.

Uncle Sam crested a national park around it and thus preserved it as ona of our greatest rights, so we can all go and see it and wonder for ourselves.

Like all volcanoes, Rainter built up its cone from the material thrown out from its laterior. But a terrific explosion destroyed its conclike top and greatly reduced its height. It has not been in eruption for nearly 50 years, though steam jets sometimes melt the snow at its summit and hot springs flow from its base.

Twenty-sight glaciers, born from the snow which covers the mountain, radiate from its peak and form one of the largest known glacial systems, From these great ice fields there naturally lead off numerous streams and rivers which find their way, through beautiful canyons, to the lower altitudes. Below the glacters, in an open space which circles the mountain, grow militons of gorgeous wild flowers, presenting a beautiful spectacle as well as a marvelous contrast to the snow above. Relow the flowers are dense and linmease forests of fir, spruce and

Berea College Summer School Second Half Term, July 16 to August 19

Berea College has established a Summer School to meet a distinct and growing need in the Southern Mountains. It gives a program of courses for teachers of high schools and graded schools, returning soidiers and sallers, students who wish to get college entrance credits or credits toward college degrees. and others seeking general information. The work is arranged to accommodate those who wish to come for either a half or a whole term. Each half term is five weeks, and since the first half is well started, students desiring to make some credit and do five weeks of specializing should enter the second half term, witch begins July 16th.

> Courses for College Credit Courses for College Entrance Courses for High School Teachers Courses for Elementary Teachers

Foundation School work for those over fifteen years of age who have not finished the grades.

Courses for the Farm Boy and Girl

(The second half of the Summer Term falls between the "laying by" of the crops and fail

Subjects from which to elect courses: Agriculture, Arithmetic, Biology, Chemistry, Commerce, Drawing, Education, English, French, Games, Geography, German, History, Home Science, Latin, Mathematics, Music, Physics, Psychology, Stanography, Weaving.

Courses leading to Teachers Certificates: Normal School Elementary Certificate Normal School Intermediate Certificate Special High School Certificate

SPECIAL FEATURES

A number of scientific and popular lectures, musical events, and motion pleture entertainments will be given free of charge. There will also be excursions to nearby points of historical and scenic injerest. All the resources of the entire institution will be at the disposal of the Summer School.

Fi	ve Weeks
Incidental Fee	\$ 7.50 5.00
Table Board, women	
Total for Women	\$25.00
Table Board, men	13.75
Total for Men	\$26.75

No rebates are allowed to students who withdraw before the close of the period for which payment has been mads.

A deposit of four dollars (\$4.00) is required of all students upon entrance. This is refunded when the student leaves, provided library books, keys, etc., are returned in good order.

Special Fees	Five Weeks
Business Courses	
Cabinet Organ, two 20 minute lessons per weel Voice, Piano, or Violin, two 20 minute lessons pe	k 1.25
Week	
Use of Piano, one hour per day	
Use of Organ, one hour per day	
Use of Music Library	
Class Work in Harmony	

For bulletin giving complete announcement of courses and expenses, write to

MARSHALL'E. VAUGHN, Secy., Berea, Ky.

Berea College Alumni Association

(This space belongs to the Alumni Association of Berea College. Articles, news items and personal letters from graduates will be published in full or it abstract every week. The Alumni Editor, Secy. M. E. Vsughn, Berea College, Berea, Ky., will be pleased to receive any communication of interest from members of the Association.)

Class of 1906

Ernst, Claude B., B.S. Thompson, O. Agriculture in U. of Wis. Address, Thompson, O.

Jones, Winifred C., B.L. Columbus, Teacher. Address, 1152 Grandview Ave., Columbus, O. Livengood, Margaret Wesley, B.L. llavenna, O. Teacher. Married Clarence Phelps Residence, 1525 Laguna St., Santa Barbara, Cal.

Class of 1907

Gerdes, John, B.L. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Residence, Des Moines, Ia. Young, James R., B.L. Sharon,

dress, Reno, Nevada. Class of 1908

Ciark, Francis O., B.S. Wisconsin. Instructor and Professor in of Vocational School. Address Berea, Ky.

Ciark, Howard H., B.L. Wisconsln. Student Leland Stanford D. Ohio.

Eastman, Leroy L. Ottawa, O. Address, Toledo, O.

Teacher. Address, Lincoln,

O. M.D. Western Reserve. Medical Missionary to Persia. Address, Meshed, E. Persia. Keily, Simon C., B.L. Evarts, Ky Teacher, Address, Missouia,

Prentis, Paul T. (See Class 1905. A.B. in absentia).

Mont.

Va. (Married Vernon Wheel- ing up new and influential friends don). Teacher. Address, Hamp- for the Coilege, men and women who ton, Va. Hays, Bessie M., B.L.

Ky. Bank Bookkeeper in Ala. Married Mr. Odeil. Spencerport, N. Y.

llays, Grace A., B.S. Dreyfus, Ky. Married Chas, M. Fulkersott, Address, Lincoin, Cal.

Y. M. C. A., Detroit, Mich. July 7, 1920 My dear Vaughn:

I have your kind letter of June 26, with regard to various proposals connected with the Ainmal. As you LLB., N. Y. Cily U. Lawyer. know, I have always been intensely Residence, 41 Park Row, New interested in anything which would relate the graduates of Berca Col-Kinnard, Harry B., A.B. Wallace- lege more closely to the Institution ton, Ky. Traveling Salesman, which has figured so largely in their lives. I believe that the Alumni constitute the greatest untapped re-Pa. A.B. from Leland Stanford source of Berea. Any movement U. Teacher in Arizona, Professor which will commence to utilize this of Education, U. of Nevada. Ad- latent power will, I am confident. receive the unfalling cooperation of each graduate.

Is there any reason why this coming year should not see the organization of a number of Berea Ihrea Agricultural Dept. Dean Ciubs or district guoups? There are ainuml in Chicago, Detroit, Washington, New York and Nashviile, who could easily organize, provide a simple plan of organization Brick Mason, Architect. Ad- was drawn up in Herea and sent out dress, 127 S. Prospect St., Kent, to certain representatives in each of these cities, to standardize these groups and bring into action the Law Student at Vale. Lawyer. best experience of the past. We all know of the permanency of the Felimy, Hubert H., B.L. Farney, Cleveland Association. From their Texas. Address, Oroville, Wash. experience and from the combined Fulkerson, Charles M., B.f., Penn- wisdom of those in Berea who conviiie, Ind. A.B. Leland Stanford slitute the "liome Office," a plan for organization and promotion may be prepared which will sland the test Hoffman, Rolia E., B.S. Leipsle, of time. We in centers away from Herea await the word.

It is enslowary to think of the value of the Ahmul in terms of flnances, of the money they may personally contribute to the cause. Undouidedly Berea should he strengthened in this manner. But is there not perhaps a larger contribution Faviile, Esther, D., B.S. Norfolk; which graduates may make in linhave no scholastic connection with Speedwell, the school? Anyone of the Alumni

has made personal friends who are oither wealthy or influential, or both, whose powers may he turned right into Rerea's channels. It should be a function of each gradunate to enlist donors and workers for Ihrea, men who will give large sums, visit the work, become closely connected with the work perhaps. As nn illustration, pardon the personal reference, as a student I brough, Dr. Weatherford to Herea for the first time, when he was entirely unknown by the President and Trustees, He is now an honored co-worker.

A word as to the local situation. Detroit has grown rapidly but not abnormally; there is no mushroom growth, but the enlargement of a splendid city. The Detroit Insti tute of Technology is the melropolitan educational work of the Y. M. C. A., which last year enrolled over three thousand students in Its various departments. As Director of its Secondary Department, 1 trave found my pince of usefulness coordinating the various pranches of secondary education, day and night schools. Cordinlly yours

Wahlo B. Davison

Livingston Hali, Columbia University, New York City July 1, 1920.

Mr. Marshall E. Vaughn, Berea, Kentucky. My dear Sir:

I take pieasure in acknowledging your kiml letter of June 26, and in noticing the Interest you are taking in endeavoring to keep touch with the Christian Science Monitor. the members of the growing family of Iterea's graduales.

Like you, I believe finat the family relationship should not be ignored, as each member goes his separate way from his Aima Mater, to face the duties of the larger life before him, larger indeed, no matter what he underlakes, for the instruction he has received and assimilated, for the aspirations and ideals he has felt kindie within him, under an inspiring environment and for the helpful associations and friendships he has formed-ali of which have multiplied his capacity for usefulness and service and for wholesome social enjoymenis.

I shall be glad to send you, from time to time, some contribution, if desired, as a sign of life and cooperative interest in the welfare of Berea.

Wishing you all joy and success remain Yours sincerely, E. O. Menzl.

Navy Blacksmith Shop.



The villaga blacksmith shop under the spreading chestnut tree is for rent. The smithy has gone to sea to lear some new tricks of the trade in the

U. S. Navy schools. Blacksmithing is now a highly specialized trade in Iron working. Once a man musters it ha is sure of a good itving for life, either in or out of the service.

A real interest in one's work is as necessary in the Navy schools as in others, but Jack is paid to learn and is sure of his joh as long as be wants it, providing he is in esmeet, The above photo shows a couple of

anvits doing a big business at a Navy Artificer School

The Mascot of the Pacific FleeL



with the Pacific Fleet is "Mick," Ad miral Rodman's spaniel. From the tip of his tail to the tip of his nose "Mick" is a real sailor. The roughes the seas come the better he likes it.

"Mick" stuck his head through a life ring, at the photographer's suggestion, and is giving an imitation of a true patriot looking for an argument



Sculpture at Monte Alban, Oanaca

out the state of Oaxuen, Mexico, are to be found what they "Puchios Viejoa" (old vitlages), some chose to the site of the new villages and others in the wild country, far away from all habitations. in these rulus traces can be seen of houses, temples, fortresses aml tombs. In some places graves only are seen to mark the place of a former civilization, and these consist of mounds, some of which are built to a considerable height, writes a correspondent of

Among the ruins well known account of their state of preservation and importance can be mentioned the ruins of Mitia, those at Monte Albau, at Guiengula and at Achilutia.

The famous ruins of Mitia are the best preserved on account of the stry climate of the country in which they are situated. They are among the most claborately ornamented ruins in Mexico, and on the waits are found about fifteen different designs nimite with mosaics known as greeques. The figures are all geometrical and are found mostly is panels on botic inside and oatside of the walls of the rooms

Fastures of Mitis Ruins. The original name of these ruins was Lyobaa, and they were later on catled by the Mexicans "Mictian" which means "the place of the dead." The place is now in the center of the Zapotec country, sad the Zapotec ismguage is spoken by the inhabitants of the vilinge close to the rulns. One of the chambers contains six huge monoliths, each being shout 12 feet high and 7 feet in circumference, which have no carvings. The most beautiful room is known as the Hall of Mosuics. Its four sides are covered with designs. Paintings were found on some of the walls, but these have mostly disappeared. Close to the ruins a pyramidal mound is to be seen and about two rolles distant is a ort of great interest.

The greegaes or arabesques found at Mitla give it a distinctive character, and in no other part of the republic are there any ruins like them, When the Spaniards computed Mexico, Mitia was still an important place.

The ruins of Monte Alban are sitaated on the outskirts of the city of Caxaca and seem to belong to a much older civilization than those of Mitla. In fact. Monte Alban was in ruins when Mitta was at its height of prosperity. The rnins cover an area of about two miles in length by a third of a mile in whith. On every side are remains of temples, foundations, terrares, walls, and graves, but these places have not been explored and are to a high shelf. covered with debris. Some fine stones with carvings are still standing and many have been removed to the National Museum of Mexico City. The sculptures indicate that the Maya civifization must have extended to this part of the country.

Fort at Gulenguis.

The ruins of tiulengula on the 1sthmus of Tehuantepec show the existence of a blg fort which was used in the battles between the Mexicans and the Zapotecs. Tids fort was built on the top of a mountain, and contains two pyraulda of stones, having stairways leading up to the tops. Itemuins of temples, chambers, trenches, and terraces can also be distinguished,

The rules at Arhiatta consist of courts, waits, moands, and terrnces. Arhiatia was the sarred city of the great Mixtec nation, their country be ing called Mixtecapam before the Spaniards arrived in Mexico. An extraordinary number of pieces of pottery is found everywhere in this vii-Mixtec lulians, or Mixtecos.

In the graves that have been opened in these different ruins bave been found a great variety of atone and clay idols, ornaments made of gold, copper, jade, shell, chaldian, and stone. Beautiful specimens of painted pottery have also been found, and some of the finest samples of Mexican ceramic art come from the tomba of

The Indian tribes inhabiting the state of Oaxaca are the Zapotecs, Mixtecs, Miles, Cuicatecs, Mazatecs, Mexicans, Amusgos, Triques, Chatinos. Chinautecs, Huaves, Zoques and Chontales. Of these the Zapotecs and Mixtees were the most important and they resisted the Spaulards long after the rest of the country had been conquered. The Huaves, Amusgos and

N HUNDREDS of places through- Triques have nearly all disappeared,

Each Tribe Has Its Dress. The Indians still use, in their native villages, a peculiar dress in each tribe, the most picturesque being that worn by the Tehnantepec (Zapatec) women, The Mazatec and Chinantee dresses are made with elaborate designs in red. The Indians weave their own cloth and use vegetable dyes and cochimeal for coloring. In the mountain villages they still observe many of their anclent customs and they are very superstitious. The Mile Indians belong to one of the wildest tribes found in Mexteo and few people enter their lagged

country. When the Spaniards came to Mexico the Zapotecs had their own government; Zaarhila was their capital and Costpeza their king. They had been at war with the Mexicans for many years, and with the aid of the Mixteen had been able to resist the invasion

of the Mexicans. The conquest of these tribes was mostly due to the influence of the Spanish monks, who went to the most remote parts of the country and lived with the Imlians many years, learned their language and preached the Goe

pel ts them. On market days and feast days in the city of Oaxaca many types of Indians can still be seen, with their own peculiar dresses, and many of them speak nothing but the language of their own tribes. In few parts of the republic can so many different types be seen together,

PETS THAT SAVED PROPERTY

Instances of Robbers Captured Through the Efforts of Small Dog. Monksy, and Parrot.

A farisian was recently attacked in a lonely street by an apache who was armed with a revolver. The vilfain fired once and missed, but ere he could fire again the citizen's terrier had him by the ear. The apache, shricking with pain, dropped the gun, and the Parislan managed to secure him, according to London Answers.

Recently, in the same city, a burgiar entered the flat of a wealthy man, who had a pet monkey named Ernest. The burglar made up a valuable parcel while the monkey hid ha a corner.

Suddenly the monkey began to pelt the burglar with cups, plates, saucers, ash-trays and inkstand, in fact, with everything portable in its reach. The man made a dash for the beast with it heavy cape, but the menkey was much too quick for him and mounted

Climbing on a chair, the man was coing to strike the monkey, when it flew at his face and man and monkey crushed to the floor. This roused the rest of the fist dwellers, who quickly secured the disturber of their peace, and now Ernest is the pet of the man-

Quite recently a mansion in Surrey was raided and the bargiars were having quite a wnik-uver, as they thought. But presently the parrot woke np and began to make a few choice observations in such a loud and familiar tone that the robbers thought discretion the belter part of valor and were decamphig when chught,

Wamysa of Wemyss Castle.

Weinyss castle, mentioned in a will case in the Scottish courts, includes in its modern structure parts of a thirteenth century building. Near by it is the ruin of Macduff's castle, a fifteenth-century erection. In spite of tradition, the latter has nothing to do ings, which is still inhabited by the with the MicDuff of immorini memory, nor can the family of Wemysa chains kin with that great thane. But the family does trace back on the same spot through seven generations, a pedigree vouched for by Sir William Fraser as one of the longest and purest In Scotland. A Wemyss of Wemyss castle entertained Edward I before Robert the Bruce won his victories; another, later, Mary, Queen of Scots, who to her ruin met Durnley under his roof.

> Why, of Course. Wife (sadly)-You don't love me any

Hushand-Most certainty I do. She-Then why do you rush off to

the club? He-My dear, absence makes the heart grow fonder, you know.

The MAN NOBODY KNEW HOLWORTHY HALL

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.-in a bese hospital at Neutity, France, his face disfigured be-Neurity, France, hie face disfigured be-yend recognition, an American soldier conving in the French army attracts at-tention by his desp despondency. Asked by the surgeone for a photograph to guide them in making over his face, he offers in derision a picture of the flevior, bid-ding them take that as a model. They do so, making a remarkable likeness.

CHAPTER II -invalided home, on the boat he meets Martin Harmon, New York broker, who to attracted by his remark-able features. The as-soldier gives his name as "itenry Hitliard," and his home as Syracuse, New York. He left there under a cloud, and is emhittered against his former fellow townsmen. Harmon makes him e proposition to sell mining etocks in Syracuse, concealing his iden-tity. He accepts it, seeing in it a chance to make good and prove he has been underastin,ated.

CHAPTER III -- in Syracuse "Hillerd" (in resity Richard Morgan) is accepted as a stranger lie visits James Cullen, a former employer, relating a story of the death of Richard Morgan, and is sur-prised at the regret shown by Cullen and his youthful daughter Angela. While at the Culien home Carol Durant, Morgan'e former fiancee, makes a call.

CHAPTER IV .- Hillierd repeats to Carol hie story of Morgan's death and is deeply moved by the evidence of her deep feel-ing for the supposed dead man. He re-solves, however, to continue the decep-tion

CHAPTER V.-Next day Hillard geli-ors from Ansela that Carol hed always loved likek Morgan, and while delivering to her a latter supposedly from her for-mer flances resilizes that his affection to unchanged. Itis welcome by Doctor Du-rant, Carol's father, elso shakes his reselution to continue the deception, but be

CHAPTER VI.-in Syracuse Hilltard to looked upon as a capitalist and mining expert, and in that capacity, in pursuance of his object, interests Cullen in the poselbility of wealth in mining properties. The Culians and Hilliard go to the Durant

CHAPTER VII.-Observations at the Durants' convince Hilliard that the doctor and his daughter had always iseen his true friends, and his love for Carot be-comes stronger. He realizes he has a dan-gerous rival in Jack Armstrung, also very much in love with Carol, and the two men tachily agree to fight it out fairly.

CHAPTER VIII.-Despite his success in Interesting capitalists of Syracuse in his mining venture (which he believes to be sound proposition) Hillard regrets having placed himself in such a false position, placed himself in such a false position, but in justice to ttarmon feels he must go Ite makes confession to Carol of his love for her, and she admits the possi-bility of his affection being raturned in

Harmon laughed noisily.

it's a little early to begin on that? past-from the early impression he Say, about ninety thousand dollars too had formed from Harmon's respiend-

As Illillard sat gazing at him in profound bewilderment a waiter slid up alongside him and coughed for his at-

"Gentleman wants to speak to you outside, Mr. Hilliard. In the lobby.

Says It's important." "Oh!" lilliard drew the back of his hami across his forehead. "Tell him I'll come right out. Will you ex-

cuse me a moment, Mr. Harmon?" "Sure! Go ahead." The promoter sat back comfortably and gave him a wave of dismissal, Hilliard, his pupils narrowing, went out to the doorway. A pace or two distant one of the vice presidents of the Trust and Deposit company-a friend of Culien's and a holding myself out as the principal. very good man to know-was loltering | Well, the man who called me outside

"Hello, Hilliard," he said, wrinking his forehead. "How are you? Look here, it's none of my business, of course, but I couldn't help wondering how much you know about that chap I don't know what dealings you've you're sitting with. Don't be offended; it's a friendly question. Simply my interest in you as one of our

"Why, I know a good deal about

The banker continued solemnly:

"You probably know a lot more shout him than I do, then, but just the same, I wanted to make aure. That's He turned, but Hilliard stopped

"Well, whut do you know about

What did he have to say?" "Hefore I snawer that-is he friend of yours?" The question was the way he sahl it. I suppose you've too blunt to be diplomatic, and too sughad some disagreement with these peogestive to be diaregurded.

"Not exactly that; he's a rather good acquaintance, though. In a business way only-what he is accially I don't know, and I don't think I much

"So you don't need any advice about his business connections?"

"Why, I think not." He was nettled

by the banker's manner.

"The only thing about it," said the vice president, nettled in his turn by Hilliard's brevity, "in that if you'd said you didn't know him very well, I'd have offered you some suggestions. I'd have expected you to thank me-I really would, Under the circumatances, I can't very well go any fur-

So if you could just give me & faint idea-

"Plain English is a lot better than faint idea," said Harmon carelessly. "I floated some steel bonds up here once. Prettiest bonds you ever asw in your life, too."

"Oh! And they didn't turn out "Not exactly. The company was too

much like Silverbow, I guess-all float and no lode." For a moment, Illillard thought that

he hadn't heard aright. "What was that you said?" he man-

Harmon relterated it. Too much Silverbow. Only they pumped the water out of it sooner then we will. That was five years ago."

At first, Illitiard was untouched by the shock; the force of it seemed to pass over him entirely; then all at once, as he was caught by the drift of it, his hands began to tremble violentty; and his palms were clammy with awent. Ills stomach seemed to drop out of him, and he was nauseated by the tremendous purport of his employer's cynicism,

"Mr. Harmon!" he panted, under his breath. "Mr. Harmon!" The New Yorker looked at him in

genulne surprise. "What's the matter, Hilliard? You look sick! Or . . . d—n it, man, if that's another one of your binffs, you're wasting your time. You haven't worked up such a holy disposition you believe in this mine, have you?" Ile moved uneasily. "I wish you'd wipe that plous expression off your face-or is it glued on?"

"filliard'a voice shook uncontrolla-

"This . , this mine!" he atam-"This . . . this mi

"I'll stand by everything I've aver told you, lillliard. I'll prove it. It's an area of mineralized schist with disseminated copper values. And wa've got over a hundred screa of it. And part of the shaft, too!" He langhed noisclessly. "Of course, altogether there's about five hundred square miles of that same sort of land in the ther than this. Sorry I interrupted same state, but what's the odds as long's you're happy? Tell me you aren't wise? Itot! Why, yon knew The vice president's refusal was all about it when we were on the "I can't say another word. Not an-

"But Wait a Minute!"

"No, but wait a minute! I-"

"Well," he said. "More business?"

"On the contrary." His voice had in

"Not much else to discuss, is there!

tt's the same old miae." He looked

yon, anyway, in the jast couple of min-

look as though you've seen a ghost."

"Maybe I bave," said fillifurd, with

ent offices in New York, and Harmon's

contempt for money. He had consid-

principled vendor of legitimate accuri-

luctantly, "I'm in a mighty awkward

position. . . . We can't afford to

"Mr. Harmon," Hilliard said re-

"Not if we can very well help it.

"For over ten weeks now, I've been

building up a reputation-you know

what I've been doing; you know how

this thing on my own personality-

just now-and he's one of the solid

banking crowd up here-he spoke of

you as though he knew you. In fact-

to be perfectly frunk-he called me

out there to ask me about you. Now,

ever had with him, or with anyone else

up here, but it atruck me that if there

is anything between you and Syracuse,

or any of its fulriy big men, perhaps

it would be better if I knew it. You

see, this thing I'm selling is so darned

"Who was he?" Harmon's voice

"Embree—of the Trust and Deposit

"Oh, yes." Harmon amoked reflec-

"It wasn't so much what he said as

"Some disagreement," admitted Har-

man, grinning. "These up-state farm-

ers and I love each other like a couple

"If it isn't objectionable to you,"

said Itililard, hesitating, "I'd rather

like to know a bit about it, Mr. Har-

mon. The subject might come up

later. It's almost anre to, now that

Embree's seen you and spoken to me

about you. And if you've had any

quarrel with this crowd, even if it

wasn't your fault, and if it came out

that I'm working for you, and there

was any talk about it, you can see

bow I'd have to be on the defensive.

of strange buildogs. Still-"

"Yes, we know each other.

personal-"

rasped.

company "

What's bothering you?"

ered his employer, at worst, a weak

it a curious duliness which the broker

firm and definite.

and sat down hard.

was quick to catch.

the mine."

a short laugh.

Hilliard shook his head.

"No bad news, I hope?"

founded.

Hilliard's muscles were working in other one. If you know him, that's sufficient." And he strede away across hysterical jumps, and his face was distorted.

the lobby, leaving lilllard dum-"Y-you , y-yon're saying . . y-you're saying I've heen selling Mr. Harmon, smiling broadly, half . s-selling to my friends a piece arose from his chair as the masquer--n worthless property? Are ader came slowly back to the table

"Shut up!" The big man was dominant, ugly, "Understand me? You keep your mouth shut if you know what's good for you! Didn't you come up here to get square with your 'friends?' Your friends!" His accent was superistively contemptnous. "You "I'm not sure. Let's go on diacussing knew it wasn't a producing mine, didn't you?"

"You told me it was a wonderful prespect! I knew it was a long ahot, intently at illilliard. "What's got into but I thought there was some value there . . . a lot of it . . . and utes? You've lost all your pen. You

you said the shaft . . . you always said the shaft was-" Harmon reached for another ciga-

reite; there was undisguised perplexity on his face. Hilliard regarded him with an odd "Son, if you aren't a mighty good

"Oh, that shaft! Don't you think The respect was a holdover from the claim you didn't know what this mine is? After all that whining and squeating of yours about your getting even? Then what in thunder did you want to come back here for?" "To make some money-to get some

> fun out of it. I wanted to make fools of people; I didn't want to swindle enybody! I thought I was giving 'em something for their money! I-' flarmon lighted his cigarette, none

let anything spoil this campaign, can too complacently.

"The funny part about it," he said slowly, "is that I don't honestly believe you're bluffing. . . . Hut you knew it was only a prospect."

"But I thought it was a good pros-pect! Never mind—" He made as much depends on it. Your name hasu't though to rise, "You've said enough. been mentioned once; I've been selling I'm through with you!"

The big man's jaw thrust ont belligerently, and he caught Illiliard by the arm.

"Now, stop right there! Sit down! Sit down! Maybe you thought it was a good prospect and maybe you didn't, but you're not through with nie yetnot until I say so. Don't you make any mistakes like that, my boy. Don't you go off half-shot-not yet! Remember our contract? Ever heard of promoter's liability? I'd certainly hate to see you get into trouble, but if you've made any wild statements about material facts-"

Hilliard was straining half across the table.

"You told me the ore was there! And I thought the worst that could happen would be to tie up this money for a few years-that's why a prospect's so hard to sell! I knew darned well it wasn't any whiriwind right naw, but I did think they'd . they'd at least make something good out of it . . . eventually . .

even if it . . "Ah!" said Harmon, sneering, "but you had every opportunity to learn the facts ev-e-ry opportunity. It's not my fault if you went off half-cocked. I don't know what you've represented to your gang up here. I'm not responsible. All I know in that you've collected sixty-two thousand dollars, and turned it over to me, and I'm to give you stock for it, and pay you a rebate in cash. Maybe you call it a commission . . . it's a rebate! Read the contract. Read it carefully, while you're about it. Take it to a lawyer: I don't care. Any lawyer you like. If you've gone beyond the facts I'm mighty agrry for you, but I don't see

how it affects ma sny. Do you?" Hilliard had slumped wretchedly into his chair; his thoughts were running aimlessly about the grim axis of his chicanery.

"And . . . and after all I've done!" ha said thickly. "After all I've said! Oh, my God!" His chin sank low, and his grip on the table reisxed.

Harmon was less at easa than he pretended. "Well, if you aren't binffing," he said presently, "you sure are the higgest bahy for a man's-sized man I ever saw. Brace up, there! You-" Hilliard pulled himself erect with a



Gestured His Accusa

final effort, and his fist gestured his accuantion.

"You know what I'm going to do about it, don't you?" "Yes." Harmon nodded, as he drew

the smoke deep late his lungs. "I'm going strnight back to those

four men, and-" "No." Harmon wagged his head. "No, you can't very well do that, either even if you're as shocked as you look. Look at it just a minute .. . look at our contract. There's some toopholes for me you could drive a

take a brace, and go get another sixty thousand while the getting is good." "Not necessarily!" Hilliard's highpitched laugh was brittle.

got one as big as a knitting needle. No,

son, the best thing for you to do is to

Harmon allowed the smoke to eddy gently from his nostrils. "Yes-necessarily."

"You think I'll raise my finger after this, except to . . . what do you take me for?"

"I take you," said Harmon deliberately, "for a short-sighted young man in a mighty bad apot. You don't want these folks up here to know the whole truth, do you? It wouldn't hurt nere before you got yourself kicked out two years ago. . . . Oh! don't jump! You don't think I've been asleep, do you? . . . I don't believe you'd get much sympathy. Not much! private life, inforses the new proposal. rangement, the plan being that it shall intermingling of respect and alarm. actor, you're . . . are you going to And I've invested a lot of money in VOII I want some blg returns. Look me in the eye, son, I want you to calm down. Now, there's only three parties to this deal-you and me and the world. You and me-and the world. Get that? And you and I have got to play straight with each other. You help me get the money, and I'll help you get whatever you want. But whea you throw me down, I throw you down, and we'll see who comes out ahead. I'll bet I do. What do you

bet?" lilliard shook his head helplessly. "You've got to remember," said Harmon in sardonic consolation, "that you're an awful easy man to describe. You can slip out of Syracuse just as easy as you please, and try your durnedest to make a getaway, and you'd have pretty hard work to keep away from the l'inkertons for twentyfour hours. And I've got the evidence that would put 'em after you. So don't you plan to run awny, son-don't do

Hilliard's judgment was tottering. Where did he stand in relation to Armstrong now?

Harmon snatched at the sign of weakness, and was instantly persuasive,

"Stay on another six weeka; make the rest of your killing. After this ia over, do what you please. You'll have money enough to ault yourself. I'm playing straight with you . . am I not?"

"Yes," and Hilllard, with withering aarcasm, "you are!"

Harmon glowered at him. "Don't you accuse me of doublecrossing you, son! It's the other way

round. "You aren't fool enough to expect me," said Illiliard shaklly, "to keep on trying to sell more of this rotten stuff [You area't enough of a fool for that-

"I can, and I do. You're in for it now, Illillard, and you can't very well go back. You've collected money; you can't get your hands on it again; yon can't make any restitution. You've lied your head off aiready; you can't do any better now than to stick to your first story, because the truth's a good deal worse. You'd better make your killing and make it quick. And If you open your head for just one little peep . . . floory, floory, and the fat's in the fire. Well . . .?"

(Te be Continued)

FEDERAL RECLAMATION SERVICE CONSIDERS POPULATION INCREASE.

105,000,000 PEOPLE IN U. S.

ourteen Million Inhabitante Added in One Naw Volume-investigation of Hat Manufacturing,

By JAMES P. HORNADAY.

Wushington.-New plans for continulag the continental conquest of vast be strictly accurate. Much of the law agricultural land throughout the coun- is hidden in appropriation acts, and it try are being made by the government's reclammation service. The main needle in the haystack. As the laws object is to increase the cultivable area are now compiled, lawyers complain of the United States in proportion that it sometimes is hard to determine to the increase of population, which whether a certain statute is still in means the addition of millions of acres existence, whether it has been repenied of land, for the census bureau now esti- or amended, and the only solution is mutea that the new 1920 census will laborious research through the differshow a population of 105,000,000-an ent volumes of compiled statutes and increase of 14,000,000 people in the the statutes at large. last ten years.

The new program of land development calls for new legislation that in ever increasing, and with the new volfrom the public treasury, not even and lawyers, in urging the new codi-Landowners, desiring water for their gants thousands of dollars, relieve properties, it is planned, must pay all judges of much worry and anxiety inthe expense, but the government would cident to decision of cases, and be a encourage them by permitting the rec- hamly reference for all practicing lawlamntion service to co-operate in the yers. development of reclamation projects, financed by private capital.

New principles in American legislation underlie the proposal. It aims to combine the benefits of both public and private enterprise without incurring the drawbacks of either. Proponents of the plan say that it will at least clearly reveal the limitations of private enterprise in the field of reclamation and land settlement, without costing the government one cent.

Benefit to the West.

In several states of the semi-arid West, notubly Colorado and Nebraska, motortruck through; but you haven't there exist large communities of fairly well developed farms in private owner- preceding century, and the new volume ship, on which by application of irrigation the production may be doubled. Congressional clerks are now laboring The arld West might also be benefited over the new volume, with judges and wise drulinge projects in the north and south.

When the fertile prairies of the West were open to settlement the nation had no difficulty in keeping its agriculture even in advance of its rapidly growing population. The conditions today, however, are such as to require aggressive lemiership on the part of the government. A serious factor in the general States. The great code, when comtrend from the farm to the city at the present time is the high cost of small tracts favorably located with respect ing assembly of a code that began me any-but after the record you made to markets and transportation, togeth- when Washington signed the first act er with the size of initial investment passed by congress 131 years ago.

> Franklin K. Lane, former accretary of the interior department, now in beyond a mere compilation and rear-Congressman Kinkaid of Nebraska, apparent contradictions, omitting repechairman of the house lands committee, and other congressional leaders, substantive as well as those which con-"There are millions of acres of potentiully rich lands which may be purchased in large tracts at a very low price in their present condition," says been urging the beginning of the work Mr. Lane. "By the new plan, it is be for years, declaring that sooner or lieved that settlers can effect savings equalling as much as one-hulf and more of the prices they ordinarily pay for small rural holdings. This would be the case first because land owners would enter into contracts for sale of their property on a pre-reclamation basis; second, because the henvy charges of snies agencies and interest accrning until disposition of subdivided areas could be practically eliminated. Settlers would probably save enough on the first cost of their hind to pay for their improvement and live stock. These savings would aggregate tens of thousands and possibly millions of dollars, and, further, the terms of payment could be made auch as to give purchasers at least a reasonable chance of success."

How Government Would Ald.

Under the new plan, the initiative for development must be taken by the landowners or communities. They would apply to the interior department for the use of the engineering facilities of the reclamation service to investigate a proposed project, accompanying their application with the estimated cost of such investigation. If their project is approved as sound and feasible from an engineering, economic and agricultural point, of view, the secretnry of the interior would enter into a contract with the landowners under which he agrees to organize and develop the project precisely as is now done under the reclamation law, with the Important difference that the project in constructed wholly at the expense of the landowners.

In financing the project, the landowners would enjoy the benefit of the project's approval by engineers, economists and administrators, representing the reclumation service, which is generally regarded as the greatest engineering organization in the world ican-made hats are of rabbit fur. The the reclamation of arid lands. The necticut, virtually begins when a rabfinancing would be accomplished under either a public or a private corporation. In either case, it would be It is a long long journey, and the disdone in accordance with state laws, covery of felt making goes back to and with the government only assum- olden times.

ing the reaponsibility of supervisis and directing the development work All Laws in One Book,

The largest single law book ever printed is now in process of prepsration under the direction of Congressman Little of Kansas. It will contain all the laws ever enacted by congress from the first signed by George Washington down to the last signed by Woodrow Wilson. It will not be complete until some time in

1921. When all the laws have been assembled within one volume, Mr. Little will present them to the senate and house of representatives for re-enactment-Past Tan Years—All U. S. Lews in likely not to excite more than passing a proceeding entirely perfunctory, and mention.

At present, if one wishes to ascertain what the federal law is on a given question, an examination must be maile of 36 great volumes in order to is as difficult to find as the proverbial

With congress enacting about 500 new laws a year, these difficulties are itself is unique among reclamation ume it is planned that even a layman measures, for it calls for no money can find out what is the law. Judges the item of overhead expenses or the ficution, declare that the new volume, cost of preliminary investigations, if properly prepared, will save liti-

Only Once Before,

Only once before in the history of the United States has official effort been made toward the codification of the federal laws, and that was more than forty years ago. Since that first codification, laws of each congress have been published 'n separate voiumes, designated as statutes at large. The first codification was begun in 1874, a second edition of the volume appearing in 1878. A start at codification also was made 20 years ago, but never completed.

Since then more new laws have been enacted by congress than in all of the will use the old codification as n basis. lawyers generally assisting them, while the house committee on revision of the laws is sitting as a final court

of approval of the work. The effort of the committee, and its assistants, is not to "improvo" the law, not to change the law, but simply to reproduce it as it now is, and was made by the congress of the United pleted, will consist of more than 10,000 sections and constitute the culminat-

Although bringing no new wrinkles into the law, the new code will extend as does Senator Smoot of Utah and proceed to the extent of harmonizing titions: in short, a revision of things

cern only arrangement and form. The task is regarded as huge by indges and lawyers, but they bave later it must be done. The revision of 1878 is, of course, very old, incomplete and, in some respects, antiquated. By reason of uniendments from time to time of many of its sections the old code does not now present a safe rellance for those called upon to make

use of It. Court Officials Offer Ald.

Refore undertaking the compilation of the new volume, Mr. Little wrote to United States district attorneys and federal judges throughout the country -all of whom responded that there was a dire necessity for the official compilation. Beaides expressing the need of the work, these judges and attorneys offered many suggestions as to the contents of the new volume, and some volunteered to aid the congress sional workers in the preparation of the new book. The index of the new volume, according to the men now at work on the compilation, is more difficult to frame than the volume itself. The aim back of the index will be to so phrase and compile it that any person can find, under the respective designafed titles, the laws on each subject on which he desires information.

The men who led the revtsion work more than two score years ago were uniong the well known lawyers of their

Investigation Completed.

Government experts working under the supervision of the burean of. atandards have completed an investigation of the hut manufacturing ladustry which reveals some interesting (acts as to how a felt bat is made. The investigation is one of a series conducted by the government with the view of aiding business and industry. Generally, one supposes that hats are made of a mixture of wool and cotton, but the fact is that Amerwith seventeen years' experience in American industry, centering in Conbit is caught in Australia, and enda when the how is put on in Danbury.

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron at the College Blacksmith Shop, Leslie Adams, this week. Main street, north of The Citizen

Miss tva Harrison is visiting in tlamilton, O.

Misses Martha Cary and Ida Caudill, former nurses of the College Hospital, were here Tuesday, from Winchester, where they are nursing in the Clark County Hos-

pital.

Rev. J. W. Masters began a revival meeting at the Glades Church last Thursday night. The Interest has been good and the meeting will continue.

J. W. Herndon who has been sick for a few days is again able to be about.

On Tuesday, July 20, a girl was announced as "Warren Harding."

Berea College Press is printing the Official Program and Premium list for the Berea Fair, which is to he held here August 4, 5, 6. We are informed that some high class at 11:00 a.m. upon "Longevity," cattle and other stock will be en- There will be a Song Service in the terest and that this promises to be Union Church at 7:30, Thursday, tothe greatest fair ever held here.

A new telephone directory is being printed for the Berea Telephone Company. Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Smoot and

daughter, Elizabeth, of Richmond. Ky., are spending a vacation of a few weeks at Boone Tavern.

Mrs. Jennie Fish and daughter, Mrs. E. G. Walker, have gone to Mt. Jackson Sanitarium.

Leroy Peak and family were here visiting Charles Peak on last Sun-

Mrs. John Cunnigham has gone to Chicago to spend the summer with ence we appreciated very much. relatives.

It has been necessary to change the date of the "Old-time Fiddlers" is Saturday evening, August 2t.

daughter, of Middletown, O., are visiting with Dr. B. F. Rohinson and family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Lakes and daughter, of Ravenna, were guests of Mrs. Lakes' mother and sister Mrs. Martha Early and Mrs. C. B. Holder, over Sunday.

visiting in Berea Friday.

The Rev. C. E. Vogel has moved into sherbet and cake. Oul, la la i the house vacated by Miss Robin-

guests of friends and reatives in

a short trip to Columbus, O.

Mrs. Botkins and children have returned from Hazard to their home

Dr. D. O. Bowman and wife motored thru from Cleveland Tuesday to visit the home folks a while.

Miss Helen James has returned from a series of visits in Lexington temporary.

W. F. KIDD

Real Estate

Telephone 68

Berea, Ky. (2w-4)

Mrs. W. H. Mahon is quite ill in the Robinson hospital.

Mrs William Howers of Richmond work and repairs of all descriptions is the guest of her sister, Mrs.

> The Misses Mildred and Elsie ad. Farmer who have been making quite an extended visit with their sister, Mrs. Lucy Riddle, in Tennessee have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Richardson joined a party of friends from Lexington at Boonesboro Sunday and spent an enjoyable day.

Dr. and Mrs. Dunn of Richmond were guests of Boone Tavern Sun-

A party of young people spent the week-end on Robes Mountain last week, Mr. Niekel and Miss Madison Click, Miss Dean and her brother Will Dean were their chaperones. A number of summer school students were in the party. They had a splendid time, although it rained.

We are authorized to say that born to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Strong the new Telephone Directory is at their home on Center street. Had printed and ready for distribution. it heen a boy its name might be They may be had by calling for them at the office.

gether with violin music.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH

shower, the services last Lord's night program will be in charge of such appointment at once. Some just what was planned. visitors were with us, whose pres-

vices of the morning. In the after- 7:45 p.m. Meeting" which is to be held in the noon the minister goes to Scaffold College Tabernacle. The new date Cane to preach. All the members of the congregation as well as friends Dr. and Mrs. II. I. Blood and are especially asked to he present. W. J. Hudspeth,

Minister.

COMMUNITY MEETING

The residents of Jackson street enjoyed a most pleasant evening at the district is dry and he is the the home of Prof. and Mrs. John F. dry candidate, he is the logical Judge and Mrs. J. G. Baxter were Smith, on Wednesday evening. Pic-man to nominate for Congress, and nic baskets containing things from that he will be nominated by a Miss Bertha Robinson has moved weiners and bacon (to be rousted large majority. to her new home on Boone street, over the hou-fire) to ice cream and

Games were played by the youngsters and music was furnished by Mrs. Blanch Wilson Early and the genial host. All had a thoroly unanimous approval.

PRICE OF ICE ADVANCES

advanced to \$8.25 per ton at the mines, we are obliged to make a has only one telephone. slight advance in the prices of ice. We hope this will only be

From now until further notice, the rates will be as follows:

70c. per 100 lb. if coupon books are purchased prepald; 80c, per 100 lb. telephone supplies, equipment and where ice is purchased for cash. 300 fb. cakes of ice for \$2.00.

advance, but you can readily see overhauf and repair the system the necessity.

Very cordially yours,



The New Fall Line of

TAILORING Now on display at Model Press Shop

> E. G. WALKER Exclusive Local Dealer

BAPTIST CHURCH Feature Services at the Baptist Church

The Sunday night services at the Baptist Church have been in charge of various organizations in the church during the month of Joly. The first Sunday night, our Sun-

day-school was in charge. The workers, we enlarged the work. during the past three or four months to raise the school to a higher hasls. First, we took the census of the at once and get you a good hat for town, doing it in about two hours. This census showed about six hundred people in Berea, nominally Baplists. At once we went after them. While we improved the workers, we enlarged the work We have passed the three hundred Jones' store. Six beautiful white mark in enrollment.

Our deacons, of whom there are fourteen, were leaders for July 11. At this service they gave us a very free and frank discussion of "The Scriptural Deacon." It was like going to see your own picture Phone 164 painted as it ought to be. Their discussion was a thought-provoking one. A very fine feature was one of the scripture readings. Though it was done without previous study, the reader gave the sense as he read.

Last Sunday morning our B.Y.P.U. was in charge o' our opening service. Mr. Young spoke briefly and tended both. clearly concerning our young people and their relation to the church. The night service was a very carefully planned one. About twentyfive women sat together to present their regular program for July. Dr. Hutchins will speak Sunday Their program was a feature in one way seldom excelled. They used about forty people in carrying it out. We were indeed glad to have the College Quartette sing for us. and helpful, The whole program was fine.

Next Sunday morning the paster Notwithstanding the morning dual Work for Individuals," The day proved to be quite interesting a Gospel Team which is a new thing treasurer were elected. and profitable to ali, from Bible- with us. Five of our people comschool hour to the close of the ser- pose a team, who will study and mon. In a short business session do personal work. They will also tion, while Friday night of each following the regular services, a do deputation work. These services chairman of the building committee are aimed at folks. We want to was elected and empowered to make reach them. They seem to be doing PLENTY OF FRUIT FOR BEREA

Regular services are: Sunday, preaching, it a.m., 7:45 p.m.; B.Y. Next Lord's Day we hope to have P.V., 6:15 p.m., Sunday-school, 9:45 much as the price of sugar will E. T. Fish a good attendance at all the ser- a.m.; Thursday, Prayer meeting, allow,

Rev. John Cunningham, Pastor.

JUDGE GILBERT IN TOWN Judge Gilbert of Shelbyville was

in town one day last week, shaking hands with his Democratic friends and making new acquaintences. He states that as Governor Cox declares to leave the temperance question solely to Congress, and as

NOTICE

The subscribers of the Berea Telephone Company are hereby small daughter, of Cleveland, are the happy time and were loath to leave notified that on and after August when the hour came to depart. A 1, 1920, the rental rates on all telesuggestion to arrange for another phones will be raised or increased A. F. Seruggs has returned from meeting met with a prompt and as follows. All residence telephones in the city of Berea, the rate will be \$2.00 per month. All business telephones will be \$3.00 per month. This will include all professional Owing to the fact that coal has telephones, whether in residence or in office where professional man

All telephones outside City of Berea rates will be, Residence Telephones \$2,00, Business Telephones \$3.00 per month. It is useless to say why we are raising rates as everyhody knows conditions governing lahor is the same as all other lines and much worse than most other We greatly regret this necessary branches of husiness. We have to and expect to put it up in first class condition and then give our subscribers first class service, and we can't do this without more is harged for service. We have held off and tried to get around this step; but the worst has come, and he run, much less he rebnilt, unless we get more money.

We want to give you good service and we are only asking a small raise in rates in comparison with advances we have had to meet. We expect to make a reasonable deduction from above mentioned rates to any firm or individual who has as many as four or more lelephones. We regret to have to make this change, but to give you what Berea and your locality are entitled to, there is nothing else to do.

We Hank one and all for your patience and many favors of the past and hope to have your co-operation in the future.

> Respectfully yours, Berea Telephone Co., Inc. By J. W. Creech, Pres.

\$1 and \$2 Hat Sale

To clear up and clean up stock, we will put on sale Friday, July 23, 100 good hais at \$1,00 and \$2.00. In this lot of hats will go \$5.00, \$4.00, \$3.50, and \$3.00 hals. carry over nothing. We haven't the room, all our hals must sell. No difference what the sacrifice in price, we sell out each season. Come now \$1.00, a splendid value for \$2.00.

JUST IN

Some special new hats for Midseason and for the fair, at Laura Milans just in. Four beautiful big black moline hats. Four lovely white moline and hair braid hats.

All new hats but reasonable in price. MRS. LAURA JONES

Berea, Kv.

METHODIST CHURCH

"Saved to Serve" was the subject of the sermon last Sunday morning. The pastor also preached a very impressive sermon Sunday evening. A large congregation at-

Epworth League was held last Sunday evening by Ethel Wyatt. Service next Sunday evening at 6:30,

We desire to invite all who care to came, to both church services: Sunday morning, H a.m. and the evening service at 7:30. All are welcome,

The Thursday evening prayer meetings continue to be Interesting

tast Friday night, the choir met for the first time to practice, unwill bring a message on "Indivi- der the direction of Prof. Rigby. After spending some time in singing, a president, scoretary and

Wednesday night was decided upon for completing the organizaweek will he set aside for practice.

The fruit crop is very good in the section of tierea, and our citizens should can and preserve as

We are anxious to have our people secure the best satisfaction in the fruit that they buy, and therefore make the following statement; the cost of handling fruit this year is very high and the prices will vary for peaches grapes from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per bu-

We will supply fruit in Berea at fifty cents below the prices in Lexington, and at Crest View farm men. lifty cents below prices in Berea. For example, if peaches are \$3.50 at t.exington, they will be \$3,00 in tierea and \$2.50 at the farm.

We have just shipped 200 bu, of July 26, we will have a large pick- the Great, Julius Caesar; three Jews, 19 turn into cash come and list it early peaches. Beginning about! ing of early "Elbertas," which are good canning peaches, free stone. Persons desiring these peaches should leave their orders with ion. Hercules and Pompey are some their grocers or if they desire to times named among them, and Guy of go to the farm for them, they should Warwick sometimes appears in place call 63, ring 2. Peaches should be canned between July 26 and August 45, at which time grapes will

begin to come in. We should remember that sugar, lahor and material will be high and, at these prices home canned fruit can he secured much cheaper than you will be able to buy on the market this fail and winter. The most of our merchants have agreed to cooperate with us in handiing this fruit, and we are glad to supply the fruit needed for this

This slatement is made that you may not loose an opportunity to get good fruit at moderate prices. We can ship to Lexington and other cities and secure higher prices, but we hope to supply our MAKE YOUR RESERVATION FOR own community first. We recommend that all peaches be canned in glass cans with new, first-class rubhers. Peaches can be eanned that is the system can not longer without sugar and sweetened when used. Orders should be placed at least two days before the day you wish to can.

F. O. Ciark. ndvertisement-

Caged Beasts' Short Livas.

Statistics show that the lives of wild beasts in captivity are much shorier than those at liberty, especially in the case of exotic heasts. The liger and paniser in captivity do not live more than seven or eight years, hyenas five to six years and the brown hears seven to eight, although they often reach twenty when at liberty. In captivity the white bear reaches only four or five and the elephant, which often attains 100 when at liherty, lives only twenty to thirty, Caged monkeys, however well housed, live only seven or eight years, and aearly all die from tuberWe Think the Men Who Are Making Deposits in

Savings Accounts

regularly—are getting ready to do something! When they are ready to make a Business Step-they will have our encouragement and financial support.

If you want the support of your banker in any enterprise first demonstrate your management ability by owning a

SAVINGS ACCOUNT

BEREA NATIONAL BANK

Get Ready For The

BEREA FAIR

August 4, 5 and 6, 1920

Increased Premium List, Home Work, Field and Garden Products, Big Premiums for Show Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry.

Good Racing Each Day of the Fair Mau's Greater Shows will furnish all high class at-

tractions. We expect to put on An Airplane Flight Each Day

Grounds will be open each night during the Fair.

Secretary

Insurgent to Executed.

Mexico City.—General Jesus M. Gna fardo, an insurgent, who was sentenced to death hy a summary court martial at Monterey, charged with rebellion, was executed by a firing squad. from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per hushel, for Guajardo, who was reported to have killed General Eminiano Zapata, kandit chief in the state of Moroles, more than one year ago, rehelled recently when en route to Chiliumhua with 1,300 have Some Especially Attractive

"The Nine Worthise"

These were nine famous personages often alluded to and classed together. A common list includes—three gentiles. Hector, son of Priam; Alexander Joshua, conqueror of Canaan; David, with us. Our business is to sell it. king of Israel; Judas Maccabaeus; three Christians, Arthur, king of Britnin; Charlemagne, Godfrey of Boullof Godfrey.

The "Swan Song." There is an old superstition that the awan breaks into song at the approach of death. Hence the expression "swan song" is often used to refer to a last poem or musical work written just before the composer's death. The expression has also been extended to apply to the last speech of a politician before being forced into obscurily.

Evolution of the Harp. The modern harp has been evelved from types found among the Egyp- MAIN ST. tians, Syrians, Hebrews and various Celtic autions.

Classified Advertisements

GREENGAGE PLUMS NOW See Mrs. J. P. Bicknell, 42 Chestnut.

DRESSMAKING

Every effort will be made to give atisfaction. Have recently moved to Herea. Call and give me a trial. Mrs. Hattie Porter, Fir Cottage.

FOR SALE-White iron bed, spring and mattresses, dressers, and tables, chairs, oil stove and a good wishing machine. Apply to

Mrs. Sallie Bogle, Estill street. WANTED-A woman as a house-

Address Box 117, Berea, Ky. FOUND-Tuesday afternoon, pair of gold-rimmed glasses, in front of Davis Boarding House.

keeper. Washings sent out.

The owner may call at Porier-Moore Drug Store.

Jao. F. Dean J. W. Herndon

> DEAN & HERNDON REAL ESTATE

We Sell the Earth and the Houses thereon! If you want a Home in or around Berea come and see us. We ttargains in small places around town. Also some good Blue Grass

Orop in at The Bank and talk it over with us when you are in Berea.

Respectfully,

Dean & Herndon

BEREA, KY

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

First Class Repairing

AND Fine Line of Jewelry



These friendly little PEPSOTONE Tablets can bring you this power. They have a way of rebuilding the

entire system. They purge the liver of impurities. They cleanse the blood. They refresh tired nerves, strengthen weakened tissues. Food tastes better after PEPSOTONE has been at work. Your meals agree with you. You for get Indigestion, headaches, listlessness

Say "Persotone" to your drugglet, and give him 25c. You'll get what you want.



The Citizen

A family Newspaper for all that is right true, and interesting

Published Every Thursday, at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. tincorporated)
WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief
J. O. LEHMAN, Managing Editor SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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Advartising rates on application.

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESSASSOCIATION

Blind Man's Directions Exact.

The mid-Victorian lady was trying to find her way about after emerging from the subway at Asior place. No policemun being in sight, she asked directions of the news-stand man, "Isn't it drendful, not to be able to find your way around?" she said. "I'm hopelessly befuddled, Would you

please tell me how to get to Waverley place?" "Are you facing east or west?" asked the news stand man. "Am I facing east or west?" repeated the mid-Victorian lady, puzzled. And then she saw that the man whom she had asked to point out the way was blind, "I'm facing east," she said slowly. "Well, turn shout west, then," said the cheerful voice of the blind newsdealer, and he went on to give her explicit directions. She followed them to the letter, finding them to be exact, far clearer, in fact, than directions generally received from those who see .- New York Evening Sun, the propertions - makes t

Famous Tarpeian Rock.

Tarpelan rock is a precipice on the south side of Capitoline hill at Rome, down which criminals sentenced to death were at one lime thrown headlong, it derived its name from Tarpela, a vestal virgin and daughter of citadel, who agreed to open the gates to the Sabines, then at war with the Bomans, on condition of receiving from them what they were on their arms, meaning their bracelets. Tarpela was rewarded for her treachery by being crushed to death by the weight of the shields cast upon her by the noldiers, who shouted as they hastened by: "These are the ornaments we wear on our arms," According to legend, Tarpela ever sits in the heart of the rock, adorned with gold and jeweln, and bound by a spell.

Dates Back to Old Testament.

Throwing old shoes after a bridat couple dates back to the Old Testament. When a man transferred a piece of property he took off his shoe and handed it to the purchaser to seal the bargain. In marriage ceremony it man was unable to arrange with the parents for the purchase of the girl, he would run off with her and hide. Many times he employed the help of a trusted friend. From these incidents comes the well-known custom of the wedding journey of hidden destination. The trusted friend of long ago is the best man of today, who still helps with the arrangements of the marriage.

Wonderful Mammoth Cave.

Mammoth cave is today the greatest subterranean area known to ex-It has five different levels and the temperature is at all times 54 degrees. Eternal darkness and stillness reign supreme. Stalactiles and stalaginites take on the form of thited columns, of festoons and of draperles. There are great auditoriums with lofty cellings-one where the formations resemble a starlit skydomes hundreds of feer high, the sides formed of Her after tier of fluted columns, and a river, the Echo. navigable for half a mile, which derives its name from the fact that the slightest noise is intensified a thousand times.

Dependent on Tides. There is only one season of the year when one can visit Angkor (in the interior of Cambodia, French Indo-China) owing to a curious phenomenon known nowhere else in the world-the fact that the river Ten-le-Sap flows iniand part of the year and then turns and flows outward, in the opposite direction, for the remainder of the year. At such times as it flows inland, during and following the rainy season, there is water enough to float steam-Souls. When it flows outward it completely dralus a large lake that forms part of the river bed and leaves the lake dry except for a small trickle down the center.

Eskimo's Peculiar Belief. The Eskimo has a peculiar method of seeking spiritual help to aid in the health of his offspring, and also to make him intelligent. He foregoes any set form of callsthenics, and studies and depends entirely on magic. To give his son the strength of a bear he sews into the boy's cap a piece of skin from the roof of a bear's mouth. Desirous of having his offspring grow into an intelligent man, he sews a place of fox head into the clothing of the boy, which is supposed to be a sure method of endowing him with the cunning of the fox.

Danger of Dodging a Dream Train. Louisville, Ky,--He was in the center of a high hridge, helow was a vast space and a train was speeding down upon him when Frank Selfried, Jr., took the lone chance and awung beneath the bridge with his fingers grasping the rait. Just as the wheels neared hin fingern he dropped. But instead of dropping from a hridge Selfried really fell twenty-four feet from a second story window. An ankle was broken and his dream ended simultancoualy.

> EASTERN KENTUCKY NEWS (Continued From Page Eight)

kin, of Walnut Meadow, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Botkin, Sunday.-Mrs. Laura Huff of Duncannon was visiting Mrs. Geo. Huff iast week. Born to Mrs. Dailey Lamh a boy.-Would like to hear the Disputanta news.

POWELL REUNION

A reunion of unusual interest was commemorated at the pleasant country home of Will Taylor Powell Sunday, July 18, about two miles from Rerea on the Wainut Meadow Pike. An elaborate and sumptuous feast of "fat things on the leas" was prepared by the wives and daughters whose consummate skill in the culinary art ahiy attested their emciency and supremacy in that department. Miss Annie Poweli, of Kirhy Knoh delightfully entertained the guests by her superior ability as a musician, both vocal and instrumental.

The lively strains of the Victrola added to the pieasure and zest of the happy diners who were loath to leave the table groaning under its jond of dejectable viands.

The occasion so conducive to harmony, and good cheer should be perpetuated annually.

"In union there is strength." By unity, confusion and misunderstanding are displaced by love and sympathy,"

The influence and inspiration derived from family reunions may lest he illustrated by the loadstone It not only attracts particles of iron Spurius Tarpelus, the governor of the by magnetic virtue but unites them solidly in one hody.

The genial host, W. T. Poweil, hy his charming courtesy and ability to entertain and interest each guest was the dominant, feature of the occassion. Forty-five of the nearest relatives were present. Five sisters of the host were unable to attend.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Jas. M. Poweii, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Powell, Mr. and Mrs. Agee Powell and child, Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Poweil, Mr. and Mrs. Sheliny Powell, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Powell, and two children, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Camphell and child, Mr. and Mrs. Loyd Powell and child, Pete Powell, Mr and Mrs. T. J. Fiannery, Anna Powell, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Hendricks has come to mean that the parents and chid. Mr. and Mrs. John Dairs. give up all dominion over their daugh- Mr. and Mrs. Asa Parks and four ter. In ancient times, when the young children, Mr. and Mrs. Dillard Mulfins and two children. Mr. and Mrs. Matt Moody, Mrs. Hobart Powell, Bill Richmond and his brother, Mr. and Mrs. Gale Broughton and child.

POWELL COUNTY Vaughns Mili Vaughns Mili, July 19.—The shale who has been sick so long is slowly

manufacture this product which is wealthiest men of the county, was found dead on Sunday, July 11, at his home in Clay City, rheumatism, resulting in heart fallure, being the cause. Mr. Cassidy was about 60 years old and a very honesi man. Burial was at Mt. Sterilng last Tuesday.-The following couples were recently joined, heart and hand, in mental music lessons to Miss Virthe holy bonds of matrimony: Mrs. James Kincaid, a widow, of this place, to Noah Russeli, of Furnace; will instruct Miss Myrtie Penning-Willie Barnett, 20, of this place, to Miss Lindy King, of Irvine; William Rollins, 50, of Irvine, to Miss Bettie Sparks, 15, of this place; Miss Martha Snowden, of Clay City, to ployed with the milling company of Henry Wright, of Winchester .--Gran Hackworth, who has been manager of the Day Lumber & Coal Company's store for the past tweive years, at Clay City, has purchased a general merchandise stock of goods at Ravenna and, together with his family, have moved there to reside. -Mr. and Mrs. Eii. Bievins of Ravenna were visitors hero the past week.

OWSLEY COUNTY

Scoville Scoville, Juy 16. - Mrs. Demia erop of two acres. His hest plant Brandenhurg, of Nicholasville, is is 64 inches tall and has 22 large visiting her mother, Mrs. Juriah leaves on it and was set May 13.ilyden.—Mrs. Ray Mainous of Kings- Monday, July 19, is the day for the ton is visiting relatives at this place. schools to begin in this county--Mrs. Henry Wynn who has been C. W. Clay of McWhorier will teach visiting her mother in Laurel coun- the Teagues Tavern school.

Read the Jingles ---- They Bring You a Joyful Message

Ladies of taste, who really care Ahout the way they dress, Ail know our hats and ready-to-wear Are the latest and the hest. You'll find the new creations Are here upon dispisy, And you ail are more than weicome To try them on today.

Jennie B. Fish Co.

The proper hat for every head. Our line of ladies' ready-to-wear is complete.

The people know for miles around When they bring their poultry and eggs to town.

That we pay top price, and that is why Our patrons say we satisfy. When trading here you all can feel You get a fair and honest deal; And when you bring furs and hides to

Twili pay you if you call around.

Berea Produce Company

We also buy ail kinds of junk. Day phone

60. Night phone, 136.

The Model Press Shop is modern; They'li order your ciothes for you, Then clean them when they're dirty, And steam and press them too. And when your clothes are wearing out, They'll make them look like new

Model Press Shop

And then they'll dye for you.

With their expert alteration,

W. P. Montgomery, Phone 191.

There's a modern garage in Berea, With a corps of experts there Who are well equipped to put your car In the very best of repair; And then besides, they have supplies And flitered gasoline And their up-to-date accessories Are the finest ever seen.

Boone Tavern Garage

ty has returned home.-Mrs. Mary

CLAY COUNTY

Vine

man of Laurei Creek, gave instru-

gie Pennington last week, to Miss

Leona Pennington this week and

ton next week,-Mr. and Mrs. W.G.

Pennington, Greenmount, visited re-

Sunday.-J. L. Pennington is em-

Bowman & Morgan, Manchester.-

Wm. Pennington has erected a new

storehouse and is seiling goods .-

Isaac Chester and Buriey Penning-

ton have gone to Hamilton, O., in

has gone to Livingston to work .-

G. W. Tincher was through here

Vine, July 47 .-- We are having

Agency Cakland Sensible Str. Phone 18

liave you ever thought of this, friends, Though you're prosperous today, it is not what you're taking tn. But what you put away. So take care of the little dimes And save them as you go, For large accounts for a "rainy day," From small deposits grow. Slart now with

The Berea National Bank

Join the ranks of those who look ahead.

The S. E. Welch Department Store Can suit the purse of rich or poor In dry goods, clothing, hats and shoes, In the latest styles from which to choose. The newest furnishings are there And ladies' garments all ready to wear; And whether your purchase is large or

They give the same service to one and all.

S. E. Welch Dept. Store

Furniture, stoves, rugs, curtains, otc. Pure food groceries and high grade drugs, soda fountain, etc.

WHY I TRADE AT HOME

i trade at home and never roam

Seeking bargains elsewhere.

I love the town in which I live,
For all my interests are there
And then again, I buy from friends Wo all need one another. When i run short I can approach My dealer as a brother. When buying here with conscience clear, I put my money down, I pli my money down,
I know it stays right here and works
For the welfare of my town.
Another thing, right here I bring
The produce that I raise
And always get an honest deal—
I've found out that it pays.
And then I know when buying here
It helps things to relax,
And helps the man who nave It helps things to relax,
And helps the man who pays
Ilis portion of the tax.
And when I'm sick or in hard tuck
The man I buy from's here
With the pocketbook, if need be,
And kindly words of cheer;
So that is why I trade at home;
I'm a booster through and through,
For a town that's good to live in
Is good to buy in, too.

Printer's ink makes millions think, ." And that's the reason why An ad placed in The Citizen Will always satisfy. This paper goes into the homes, To the ones you want to tell

About the good things that you have,

The Citizen

And the things you want to seil.

"The Paper That Goes Home"

You've heard it said that money talks; Now that is not a jest, For when you spend a dollar here, It really shows some "cents." For hardware, tools and cutlery And the best stoves that you can buy, When trading here, your money talks, But it doesn't say "good-hye i"

Duerson Hardware & Grocery Co.

Home of Keen Kutter tools, Hanna's Guaranteed Paints, and Pure Food Groceries. Phone 129.

There's a clothing store in Berea For men and boys who "know." A store for particular dressers, Who want their things "just so" And whether it'is a suit of clothes, A hat or shirt or tie, A mair of shoes or underwear-This is the place to buy.

J. M. Coyle & Co.

Everything to wear for men and boys.

There's a furniture store in Berea, That's known for miles around, Where furniture, rugs and linoleums And curtains and stoves are found; In fact, they have most overything That's needed in the home-And you'll save a lot of money, If you heed this little poem.

R. H. Chrisman

Piows, etc. Prompt undertaking service. Day phone 26. Night phone 46. Complete line of the famous Oliver and Avery Farm Implements.

If you're thinking soon of huilding You should heed this little ad, For a higher grade of lumber No firm has ever had. Our huilding material, sash and lath And shingles stand the test. For when it comes from us, you know, You get the very best.

Wren & Rarks Lumber Co.

Everything that goes into a building.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Goochland

Williams spent the week-end with relatives at Conkling.-ilamp Ross Goochiand, July 17, 1920 .- We are having jots of rain at present which ent, by the evidence of so keen a Flannery spent the week-end with grow .- Mrs. J. W. Johnson is still a move desirable, and he accepts lown for their national convention, competition on the several different the latter's relatives in Jackson very low .- M. B. Gabbard is filling taken on several farms through this F. Hale a girl.-Horn to Mr. and Mrs. doing a good husiness.-There is section, and if the project develops Nathan Martin a boy.—The oil drill meeting at Sycamore on the fourth properly, there will be huilt at on M. M. Fannery's place is being Saturday and Sunday in this month. Clay City a hig shale factory to moved to the Barker place at Endee. Everybody is invited to attend.-Mrs. Elien Strong, of Johnson City, A. P. Gahhard is doing a good busijust now being born .-- W. R. Cassidy, Tenn. came Wednesday to visit her ness writing fire insurance for the a retired merchant and one of the son, J. E. Strong, on Center street. Home Fire Insurance Company of New York. He is also headquarters at Goochiand in writing depositions, deeds, mortgages and aif kinds of contracts.-Wm. Jones of Big Hill was at Goochiand last Saturday on lots of rain and crops are looking business. fine.-Prof. W. S. Simpson, the blind

Cooksburg Cooksburg, July 18. - Crops are ooking fine and jots of good rains. This has been a busy week as everybody is trying to finish their corn piowing .- Biackberries are ripe. Let us ail fill our cans with latives here Saturday night and fmit of ail kinds. Don't let sugar keep our cans empty, we can get sugar later .- C. L. Thomas has been sowing oats this week .- Dean Muiiins was bitten on the thumh last week by a copperhead snake, measnring three and one-half feet. Dr. Pennington of Mt. Vernon was calisearch of work .- Dan Whittimore ed .- Mr. Kerhy, of Climax, is on the creek doing lots of dental work.one day this week.-F. M. Penning-things of ail kinds.-Joe Smith, of ton and J. H. Ponder have rented Big fliff, was the guest of Miss Lucy the blacksmith shop of H. C. Morgan; Singleton Sunday.-Our school beand will do a general line of blackgan July 19, with Mrs. Pearl Clark smithing, including wagon building as teacher.-Best wishes to all corand motor truck repairing.-Ester respondents and Citizen readers. Ferguson has the champion tohacco

U. S. NEWS

(Continued from Page One) ganized rail unions for increases totaling approximately one bilion dollars, the board decided approxlmately 60 per cent of that sum

would be a just increase to meet nation for Vice President. present living conditions.

stands ready to accept the nomi- national committee, said today.

Lincoln, Neb., July 20 .- Prohibiflood River, Ore., July 20.—If tionists meeting here tomorrow in imsiness is very promising at pres- improving.—Mr. and Mrs. W. L. is making all kinds of farm products William Jennings Bryan deems such William Jennings Bryan's home the nomination for President on the chiefly favor Bryan for their Presifarms. There has been options county.-Born to Rev. and Mrs. T. up his store at Goochiand and is prohibition ticket, the Rev. William dential nominee, Virgii S. Hin-("Billy") Sunday declared today he shaw, chairman of the prohibition



This well known UP-TO-DATE machine will be sold for the month of July at special advertising prices, on special terms and a liberal price for your OLD MACHINE.

> At every vital point The FREE sewing ma chine has valuable improvements that make it far superior to all other machines:-

The FREE sows faster. The FREE runs lighter. The FREE lasts longer.

The FREE has less vibration The FREE is easier to ope The FREE makes an

To our city patrons will say DON'T FAIL to let our special advertising salesman show you our new Free Westinghouse Electrical Sewing Machine, the most up-to-date sewing machine on the market.

R. H. Chrisman

The Furniture Man Phone 26

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

RATS AND MICE

found within our horders.

and, except the mouse, the most ways than wheat that can be bought. numerous and most widely dis- It is on hand when wanted. The tributed. Brought to America just best varieties are grown in Kenbefore the Revolution, It has sup- tucky. They have all been tried. planted and nearly exterminated its. There are none better. less robust relative, the black rat; and in spile of the constant warfare of man, extended its range and has steadily increased in numbers, in soils is washing. The most prac-Its dominance is due to its great tical and effective means of con- are not good investments. If it fecunity and its ability to adapt trolling erosion is to keep the should be necessary to sell the positself to all sorts of surroundings, ground occupied with growing sible buyers are fewer for the reason It breeds six or more times a year crops. Every field now in a cuiand produces from 6 to 20 young, livated crop should have on it this (average 10', in a litter. Females winter a cover crop of some kind, linellon to a standard type of bonse, breed when only 3 or four months who at and rye being the most prac- especially the fungalow. Architects old. Thus, a pair breeding uninter- tical crops. A rye cover crop is take practically the same factor arruptedly and without deaths, could worth more than it costs, even if rangement and by using different roof in three years (18 generations) pro- it should not be pastured in the lines, designing nursual windows, and duce a posterity of 359,709,480 in- spring. dividuals. Mice and the black and roof rats produce smaller litters, but the period of gestation, about 2t days, and the number of litters, attacks the older leaves first, re- of the architect's art is shown in the is the same for all.

liats and mice are practically omniverous, feeding upon all kinds plant. Spraying with standard of animal and vegetable matter. Hordeaux Mixture, 1-4-50 will large-The brown rat makes its home in the ly control this trouble. open field, the hedge row, and the river bank, as well as in stone walls. piers, and all kinds of buildings. planted, while growing, and in the the farm table. Where early vegemill, elevator, or ship's hold, and also in the bin and feed trough. It plants, and work the surface until invades store and warehouses and time and smooth. If soil is rather, destroys furs, laces, siiks, carpets, leather goods and groceries. It attacks fruits, vegetables and meats in promptly, early varieties of in the markets, and destroys by pol- sugar corn will mature for table lution ten times as much as it acfually eats. It destroys eggs and plantings of bush beans may yet young poultry, and eats the eggs and young of song and game birds, succession are heets, carrots, tei-H carries disease germs from house tuce, teabbage, kohl-rabl, turnips, to house and bubonic plague from city to city. It causes disastrous. conflagrations, floods houses by gnawing lead water pipes; ruins ariificial ponds and embankments by burrowing; and damages foundations, floors, doors and furnish- yield per acre for Kentucky this ingings of dwellings. Unlike the brown rat, the black

rat rarely migrates to the fields. It has disappeared from most parts corrosive sublimate for seab and signs and this would be an ordinary of the northern states, but is oc- rhizoctona, diseases which are docasionally found in remote villages or farms. At our seaports it frequently arrives on ships from abroad, but seldom becomes very numerous. The roof rat is common applications will control this dis- paratively, a small house. Yet it conin many parts of the South, where ease which is also serious in the it is a persistent pest in cane and State. Arsenaie of lead may be are of good size. rice fields. It maintains itself added to the Bordeaux Mixture for against the brown rat partly be- the potato beetles. Write for Excause of its habit of fiving in trees. iension Circular No 76. The common house mouse by no means confines its activities to the inside of huildings, but is often found in open fields, where its depredations in shock and stack are well known.

pecially the brown rat, a cause of the farm. desiruction and damage to property, lint they are also a constant menace to the health of man. It has been proved that they are the chief Corn—No. 2 white \$1.62@1.63, No. 3 white \$1.60@1.62, No. 2 yellow \$1.58@ initing bubonic places and that 1.59, No. 2 mixed \$1.57@1.57½, No. 3 mitting bubonio piague, and that iliey play important roles in con- 1.60. veying other diseases to human beings. They are parasites, without redeeming characteristics, and should everywhere be routed and 8 white \$1.01@1.02, No. 8 mixed 90c@ destroyed.

(Continued Next Week)

CLOVER BLOAT

The clover bloat season is rapidly appearing. The farmer should prepare for such cases by obtaining a quart of formalin solution coniaining 1%% formaiin, or one-half ounce formaiin io one quart water. When an animal has bloated, drench with one quart of this solution, place a wooden block in the animai's mouth, and if possible, exercise animai. After the animai is relieved, drench it with one pound of epsom salis and one-half ounce ground gluger in one pint of water.

WHEAT

Save seed wheat from the erop, to good \$18@16.50. un matter if it is poor. The extra plump seed is no better than the lighter. The best way to procure the best seed wheat is to go over less) \$9@12.50.

DESTRUCTIVE HABITS OF HOUSE an area and cui out all cheat, cackle and wild onlons. Cut the Losses from depredations of house area separately and thresh separats and mice amount to many mli- rately. Do not use the first seed lions of dollars yearly, to more, in that comes through the separator, faci, than those from all other in- as it will contain some of the genjurious mammals combined. The eral run of wheat. After threshcommon house mouse and the brown ing, run through a good fanning rat, too familiar to need descrip- mill to blow out trash and put in tion, are pests in nearly all parts safe place until seeding time. If of the country; while two other there are any traces of stinking kinds of house rats, known as the smut, the wheat should be given black rat and the roof rat, are the formaldehyde treatment before sowing. By this method, seed may Of these four introduced species, be obtained from even a poor cropfor none is native to America, the Itiat is likely to be belier adapted, brown rat is the most destructive, cleaner and more desirable in many

By far the greatest cause of loss

TOMATOES

The leaf spot fungus of iomaines sulting in spotting an yellowing accompanying illustration. This home

LATE GARDENS

There is still time to sow seeds It destroys grains when newly that will yield welcome supplies to shock, stack, mow, crib, granary, tables have been grown, clear off or plow under the vines or other dry, soaking the seed over night will hasten gormination. If put use before frost, and one or two be sawn. Other crops suitable for kale and etc.

POTATOES

Second Crop Potatoes may be planted until the latier part of July. You can raise double the average fall.

First: Good soil weil prepared. ing so much damage in Kentucky. Third. Spraying as soon as the plants are fairly up, with Bordeaux Mixture, for blight. Three or four white and 30 feet deep, which is, com-

Add to Social Advantages.

Good roads add to social advantages. They strengthen the country church tend toward better living. bring a good class of people into a community, and help to hold a bigger Not only are mice and rats, es- share of the best hoys and girls on

CINCINNAT! MARKETS.

Hay and Grain.

mixed \$1.55@1.57, white ear \$1.58@

Sound Hay-Timothy per ton \$31@ 40.25, clover mixed \$31@38, clover \$25 @31.

Oats-No. 2 white \$1.03@1.01, No. Wheat-No. 2 red \$2.94, No. 3 red

\$2 00 @ 2 92. Butter, Egga and Poultry.

Itutter-Winde milk cresmory extra: 50%c, firsts 54%c, seconds 53%c, fancy dairy 50c. Eggs-Extra firsts 45c, grats 43c, or dinary first 41c.

Live Poultry-Broilers, 11/2 lbs. and over 45c, fowls, 41/2 the and over 33c; out of the hall toward the back of under 4% lbs 30c; roosters 21c. Live Stock.

Caltle—Steers, good to choice \$13@ 16, fair to good \$10@13, common to fuir \$0@10; helfers, good to choice \$12@14, fair to good \$9@12, common to fair \$5@0, canners \$3.50@4.50, stock helfers \$0@10.50.

Calves-Good to choice \$15.50@16 fair to good \$10@16, common and large \$6@9.

Sheep-Good to choice \$7.50@8.50 fair to good \$4@7.50, common \$2@3, the home is not materially increased. hambs, good to choice \$16.50@17, fail The arrangement of the rooms and

110gs—Selected heavy shippers on the floor plan that accompands the state of the floor plan that accompands the exterior view of the house.

This home is of a size that ma light shippers \$15.50, pigs (110 ibs and heated by either a pipeless furnace

BUNGALOW OF UNUSUAL DESIGN

Seven-Room Home Has Many Good Features.

CONTAINS PLENTY OF ROOM

Artistic Bay Windows and Dormers Make This Design Different From the Ordinary Bungalow

-Rooma Well Arranged.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD, Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FRRE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects Address all inquiries to William A. Radford. No. 187 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill. and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply

Many home builders object to house designs that are unusual. They say, and usually are correct, that unusual houses are excellent as homes, but that an odd house will not appeal to so many persons.

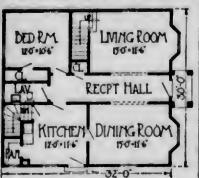
However, it is possible to give disby giving the porch roof a distinctive treatment Affect changes that take the home out of the ordinary class and put it into a distinctive class.

An excellent example of this branch orrangement; neither is it of materi-

or the atsudard variety, with pipes leading to registers in the rooms. H a pipeless furnace in used, it should be located near the center of the house with the large register in the hall.

A basement extends under the whole of the house. Here there are rooms for the heating plant, storage rooms for fuel, fruits and vegetables and a part set saide for the laundry and the lannitry equipment.

Surroundings go far toward making any mort of a home attractive, or the opposite. Home owners, especially those whose houses have considerable space about them, are paying more attention to the planting of shrubs, trees and flowers nowadays than ever before. Bungatows especially are



First Floor Plan.

made more attractive by a judicious planting of shrubs and lattices eaverest with vines, giving an air of privacy that is hard to secure with two-story or even story-and-a-half house. Attention to the yard that surrounds the tome is a good investment. for it is a proven fact that every dolisr invested in this manner increaes the value of the place two dollars.

Spenking of investments-there is none that any man or woman can make that pays better dividends than a home. Home owners derive a sat-Isfaction in their own houses that can scarcely be measured in dollars and

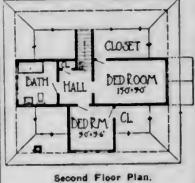
and works loward the top of the is not out of the ordinary in interior cents. But added to this fact is the one that money invested in a home

> als that often are used to get unusual exterior appearances. It is a standard approximately square frame bungalow-lut it does not look it.

The beauty of this exterior has been secured by the small, but artistle bay windows, the four dormers in the roof and the off purches, Remove these features and substitute those that or-Second: Good seed treated with dinarily are shown in langulow dehouse. Builders who erect such a lungalow as this need never be arra that buyers would be scarce should it be offered for sub-

The langalow shown is 32 feet tains six rooms-and all of the rooms

in construction the bungalow is of word frame set on a concrete foundailon. The read is of ornamental tile. The front entrance lends to a reception built that extends through the first floor. To the right of the hall is the fiving room, 15 by 11 feet, 6 inches; to the left is the dining room of exactly the same size. At the rear of the dining room is the kilchen, 12



by 11 feel, 6 inches. At the rear of the first floor is a bedroom, 13 by 10 feet, 6 inches, and, being a corner room, is a well ventilated, pleasant sleeping room. Between the bedroom and the kitchen is a laystory.

The stairs to the second floor rut the first floor and lead to a central half on the second floor, where there are two bedrooms and the both room. All of these rooms are in the dormers. One of the kedrooms is 9 by 15 feet, while the other is 9 by 9 feet, 6 inches.

Seldom are hungalows of this size planned so that they contain three bedrooms, but it is done here, and done in such a way that the cost of the dimensions of each one are shown on the floor plan that accompanies

This home is of a size that may be

lusually comes from systematic say ing. Systematic saving requires at Incentive, and there is no greater incentive than acquiring the ownership of a comfortable, attractive home,

To build a home, of course, requires that the builder have a certain percentage of the cost to pay down and may pay the balance in monthly or yearly installments. To get this tirst, or "down payment" saving is required. There is no time like the fund-and it is surprising how soon there will be an amount sufficient to secure a home-one like that shown in the accompanying illustration.

Do You Believe It?

War stories are very prevalent just now, but one of the best is provided by a young army veteran in Braiford, Eng., who has pretty well circumnavigated the globe on two or three occasiona. Among other places where he has seen service was with Kitchener in the Soudan, and be tells a very interesting story of what is probnbly the most novel musical "instrument" that has yet been invented. At the battle of Omburmsn, the native women followed up their troops, earrying sacks of stones for slings, baides on their backs, and other impedimenta. When the natives' attack was turned into a ront, and they faced about for the retrent, the liritishers were astonished to find the field covered with bubles who had been thrown away in the tlight. The camp humorist, finding that there was a great variety of musical tones displayed in their walls. picked out a suitable eight, set them up on a plank, and, by a little encouraging, obtained a complete octave, from which, by gentle punching, he got a variety of music.

Swat the Final

Eight of the 5,000 different kinds of fleas, convey plague. That is why fleas as well as house flies, to which we owe the dissemination of typhold, cholera, dysentery, the summer diarrhoea ac fatal to children, and tubercle, should be relentlessly awatted. Ituga are known to be carriers of that mallgnant malarisi malady known as Kala Azar, while it was proved during the war that the louse conveys typhus. No fewer than a thousand species of mosquito are known to actence, 18 of which occur in the Itritish Isles. Of the latter one is known to carry malaria. Abroad, mataria, yellow fever, dengwe, and elephantiasis are apread by mosgultoes. The little black "midge" is not usually more than an irritating pest, but it can occasionally be dangerous, especially when it has been on putrefying material. Its bite may then be followed by serious consequences, and small abscesses, followed by blood polsoning, are not unknown.

HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Dizney, Director of Home Science

WHEN WISE MRS. BRIDE FUR- pressed her. NISHES HER HOME

By Bertha Bellows Streeter

time in a man's and a woman's life and ask, "Just how much will we when a nico home is desired, it is have to start on? And how can we after the honeymoon. Then the old spend it is the hest advantage?" friends casually "drop around" as In these days of inflated land

nied by older friends who could of her furnishing fund. wisely advise them in their pur- Many young couples have never chase. among young married women comes of furniture may be selected with when a lit of cherished furniture the two places in mind as far as realize that there is no money with your living room in oak in your which to replace it.

things when it wants them," and is all comparatively small expease. so full of confidence in itself that When she chooses furniture, wiso it cannot see why it should not Mrs. Hride gets a good judge of have them.

themselves depressed by what fre- pity, not that they are dishonest, quently seems a mountain of debt Mrs. Hride longs to go to work; she know the peculiar markings and cannot hear to be useless at such a weight that distinguish some kinds fine. What she could earn in a of wood from another wood stained couple of months would make that to inflate the first. Even if you bill look like thirty cenis, she can lony only a few pieces, have argues, she pictures the results in them genuine, not only for the satisglowing terms. Her husband pro- faction it affords, but also because tests; "No, sir; he guesses he can it is economy in the end. A stained support his wife | He didn't marry piece of furniture shows every her to send her out to work after- stratet, you sumply cannot make wards. Other fellows support their the piece look well again short

too many outside things to be con-Out of respect for her husband's feelings she cheerfully lies away, that she would go crazy if she more sightly. could'ut earn something to help remove that load of deht that so de-

It takes lots of will power and lots of good common sense tirese days to he a wise Mrs. Bride. But there are girls to whom seif-denial is no The furnishing of the new home new sensation; girls who, while they is an airsorbing problem to most try to get all the good out of the young couples. Most of them have present, still keep an eye out on the ail too tittle money to spend for future. They can sit down with furniture and if ever there is a the man is whom they are engaged

they never will again, and Mrs. values most young couples cannot Bride is so eager to show them all inty a home; they are forced to what a dear little home the finest rent. What they rent determines man in the world has provided for largely what it is wisest to buy in the line of furnishings. For in-In every furniture store you will stance a house with built-in bookfind them, these girls and boys who cases, a Breplace or a hay wiaknow as little about the purchase dow, a gas range or a waii bed will of household supplies as they do require less furniture to make it about family responsibilities, "pick- comfortable and look well than ing out" their furalture, holding one without some or all of these hands and stealing a kiss or iwo features. Therefore, wise Mrs. behind the dressers when they think liride chooses her first house very nobody is looking. It is a shamo carefully, coasidering well the posthat so few of them are accompa- schildies of all she sees in the light

The furniture they are tried to visualize the home they choosing today must be jived with hope to own some day. Now is the a long long time. They are starting time to do it, however, before you a home and a great deal of invest furnish the first one, so each piece begins to look shabby and they possible. If you plan on having dream house, it is poor policy to Only those who have been through buy for the Brst home mahogany esthe experience know what a temp- recially designed for living room tation it is to furnish the home com- use. Such practice will leave you idete al the outset. It is the most some time with pieces quite out of natural thing in the world that our accord with a harmonious scheme young people want to "hegin where of furnishing. On the other hand. their parents left off"-that the a few paces of willow that may bridegroom should take his wife to later appropriately add a touch of a home as "good as the one she left" color and lightness to bed rooms or in order to be with him. Youth is a sun room will make the first live impatient in waiting; it "wants ing room attractive and up-to-date

wood to accompany her. The stateinstallment houses thrive as a re- ments of furniture salesmen are not ult and young couples often find always to be relied upon, more the but many of them honestly do not wives and he can too, by George to of restaining. A hit of fur-But in the end, in these days utlure polish, however, will make friend wife gains her point. She the gennine plece look like new. offers her friends all sorts of ex- thean veneered furniture is a lure ruses, she is too lonesome away from and a spare. To inexperienced her old friends and other people all eyes it looks as well as the more the time, she has been interested in expensive article. But after a while, when weather conditions tent to stay at home all the while; have not been just right, that she wants to be doing something. Veneer will curl up and peel off to the consternation of the young compte, who cannot see how on hardly admitting even to herself earth they can purchase something

(tiontinued Next Week)

ESSENTIALS OF GOOD ROADS

Rules Outlined for Construction of Stone Thoroughfares-Drainage la Important.

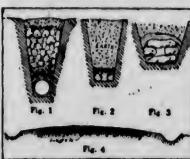
The essential requirements of good stone roul construction may be condensed into the following rules:

1. Cut the high places down to a grade not exceeding 1 to 20; fill up fints or low places so as to have a nilnimum grade of 1 to 200,

2. Construct subdrains to carry awny all seepage water; also make enough cross-drains to dispose of surface-water. Fig. 1 shows a subdrstn of drain-tile covered with stone. Fig. 2 shows a subdrain made of logs, and Fig. 3 shows one made of field stone.

3. Make the aubgrade firm and solid and give it the same curvature as the surface of the finished road.

4. Spread the bottom course stone evenly, then roll and add a little



Subdrains and Cross Section of Road

fine material for a binder, and continne the rolling until the stones cease to sink and creep in front of the roller.

5. Spread the second course and roll it with the addition of binder and water until the whole surface is hard and smooth, carefully tilling with stone any depressions that may appear; then finish the whole with a course of three-quarter-luch stone and screenings. This must be souked with water and rolled until the surface is hard and unyielding. Always he careful to commence the rolling st the sides and gradually work toward the center; by so doing the crown of the road will be preserved. If this work is well and thoroughly done the result will be a read that is smooth, hard and convenient for travel at all seasons of the year. Fig. 4 shows a cross-section of a macadam road, with layers of stone compacted in place.

For a furning community the width of macadam need not be greater than 10 or 12 feet. The width of stone surface should be sufficient to take care of all the travel on the road; but on the other hand it should not be so great as to require unnecessary expense in the construction or maintemmee of the road.

When water has to be conveyed from one side of a root to the other it should be taken under the rond by means of a culvert. A stone culvert is, of course, the hest, but a vitrified tile pipe or a corrugated metal culvert may be used.

hastly, give the road a good coat of sultable road oll to prevent dust and retard much damage'to automobiles.

Coat of Good Road.

It has been found that it costs about \$2,500 a mile to build a really firstclass road, but when it is properly constructed it is an permanent as a rallway.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Teacher of English Hible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago; (Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

LESSON FOR AUGUST 1

DAVID BRINGS THE ARK TO JE. RUSALEM.

LESSON TEXT-It Sam. 6:t-19; Ps. 34:

GOLDEN TEXT-Enter into his gates with thankeriving, and into his courts with praise.—Ps. 1(s),4.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL-Ex. 25:10 2, 11 8am 5 6-25, 11eb. 9.2-10. PRIMARY TOPIC—Thanking God, JUNIOR TOPIC—The Ark of God Brought to Jerusalem. INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC

What the Ark Meant to terael.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC -Making Heligion Central

The ark was a symbol of the presence of tiod in Israel. It represented God's throne, the place from which he communicated his will to the people through the priest (Ex. 25:22; I'saims

I. David's Unsuccessful Attempt to Bring Up the Ark (vv. 1-5).

This is an example of a wrong way of doing e right thing. That the ark of the Lord of Hosts, the symbol of God's presence, should be brought to a decision worthy of all praise. It surely met God's approval, David gathered together the representative men of the nation in order that the more ment might be a national one. That David was sincere in this measure cannot be doubted, but he was hasty and inconsiderate. God had expressly decreed that the Kohathites should bear the ark upon their shoulders (Num. 4:14, 15; 7:P; 18:3). For them to place it even upon a new cart was a positive violation of God's commandment. Though David was sincere, lds. sincerity did not atone for disobedience to God's Word. The dictum that It matters little what you do, just so you are honest and sincere, is one of the Bevil's blackest lies. It mattered much in this case, and always does. David cannot be excused on the ground of Ignorance, because he had the opportunity to know. God cannot be blamed for man's ignorance when he hes given him the law and the ability to understand lt.

II. God Vindicates Hie Law and Hollnses (vv. 6-D).

The people were very joyful as they moved on toward Jerusalem with the ark, but suddenly there was a stop to their jubilant voices and music. At some rough place in the road the oxen stumbled and Uzzah, anxlous for the precious freight on his cert, reached forth his hand to steady it. This reaulted in his being stricken with death. Ignorance does not make a man linmune from the death widch is in the touch of the heavily charged electric wire; neither does it in the case of the violation of God's laws. Even those who were designated by the Lord to carry the ark were not allowed ark was God's dwelling place among men, they receded to know that he wes kely. God's Judgucent was severe, but not more so than they deserved. This awful visitation of just judgment struck terror to David. Well it might, for he was in the path of disobedience, The Lord's presence has no terror for those who obey his word.

III. The Ark of God in the House of Obed-Edom (vv. 10-12).

The presence of Jehovah always brings blessings. The homes where God is welcomed are always blessed. Obed-Edom was not better personally than Uzzak and Invid, but he openly received the Lord and properly related himself to him. What had been death and dread to others was life and bless-Ing to him.

IV. The Ark Brought to Jerusalem With Greet Joy (vv. 13-19).

1. Sacrifices offered after going six paces (v. 13). David made the sturt and when convinced of God's approval he made offerings. These were both the self-dedication of the offerers and their thanskgiving (I Chron, 10:1).

and with the sound of the trumpet.

3. Michal's criticism (v. 16). Even though David went to excess in his ex- joyment. pression of joy, it was wrong in her to criticize, for (lod seems to have sanctioned David's relinke of her (v. 23).

4. The grand cetchration (vv. 17-19). As a token of his gratitude to God, David generously treated the people. 5. The King of glory, the Lard Je

sus Christ coming (Psalms 24:7-10). This was not the psalm composed by Devid for the occasion of bringing up the ark; that was Psulm 105 (see I Cheron, 16). It is strange that such a suggestion should have been made. The Twenty-fourth Psalm pictures Christ as the coming and triumphant Klug. him and the King of glory shall come

Self-Judgment.

Turn thine eyes unto thyself, and other men. In judging of others a man laboreth in valu, often erreth, examining himself, he always laboreth fruitfully .- Thomas a Kempis.

Amieble People.

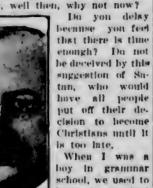
Amiable people, th righ often subject to imposition in their contact with the world, yet radiate so much of sunshine that they are reflected in all appreciative hearts.-Deluzy,

Why Not Now?

By REV. W. W. KETCHUM Director of the Evening Classes, Moody Rible Institute, Chicago.

TEXT-liebold, now is the accepted ime, behold, now is the day of salvation.

You expect to become a Christian some day, well then, why not now?



suggestion of Satan, who would have all people put off their decision to become Christians until lt When I was a boy in grammar school, we used to

have a principal who every day or so would enter the schoolroom, nnd slowly passing through it, say in meas-

med tones. "Pro-cras-tl-nation-isthe-thief-of-time," Then quietly, without another word, he would pass the fery center of the nation's life was his boys and girls that they should out. His purpose was to impress upon not put off till tomorrow, or from day to day, that which should be done at once. It seems to me that in our text God is in effect saying the same thing, when he tells us, "Now is the accepted time; behold, now is the day of salvation,"

"No Promise of Tomorrow." One time while being driven in the country to minister at the funeral of noan who had died very sudderdy, was surprised at the wisdom shown by the wayward young man who was conveying me. There was a hill in the conversation. Then suddenly broke forth with this startling fact; "You know, we have no promise of a tomorrow." What truth there is in that statement-"No promise of a tomorrow," And yet how heedless we are of the fact it so succinctly sets forth. We go on noglecting to do that which is of such moment to us, actually gambling with time and with our sonls as the stake. No promise of a tomorrow is what God is saying in the words of our text.

Again, are you putting off your decision to become a Christian, because you feel that you want first to have a good time?

What e specious argument that is, and how Satan does use it, especially to deceive young people. He would try to make them believe that they sny good-by to all the good times when they become Christians; but that is not so, for there is nothing "good" that a person has to give up to become n Christian. To be sure, there are things that are bad and harmful that must be given up, and these the tell my story." Devil camontlages to make them look good to people. He succeeds surprisingly well, for folks are easily fooled by the energy of himoan souls and often they do not awaken to the fact that they have been deceived until it ls too late.

What we need to do is to estimate the real value of things. Who that is wise would buy glass jewels for diamonds, or accept fools' gold for the gennine? If we sempe beneath the thisel with which Saturi covers things that are bad, to make them look good, and if we carefully weigh everything he offers us in the bulances of eternity, we shall discover their worthlessness; everything he offers, though it give pleasure for a season, "at last," as Solomon sald of the wine cup, "It biteth like a serpent

and stingeth like an adder," Good Times for the Christian.

Christ on the other hund offers all that is good and worthwhile in this life and the life to come. The really good times are for the Christian, and hurnt and peace offerings, typifying if any one on earth cun endoy himself, it is the person whose life has heir thanskgiving (I Chron. 1d:1). been enlarged by the coming into it 2. David's great joy (vv. 14, 15). The of Christ. He it is who not only people joined ldin with great shouting gives life, but gives it abundantly, This is true in this life, because Christ enlarges a person's capucity for en-We frunkly admit that there are

restrictions and limitations for the Christian: but he who says that there me restrictions and limitations of real life is false. The things that must be cut off are those that make for death. The surgeon's kulfe cuts out a cancer, but a cancer makes for death; and so do those things that the person who would be a Christian, must cut out of his life. The very cutting out of these things sets a person free for the real pleasure of life. Is it not a mean thing to choose the At that thee the gates skull open to pleasures of sin for a senson, and then, when the candle of life has almost burned itself out, tling ourselves upon God's mercy? To such who so choose. expecting to become Christians when they are about to die, that they may beware thou judge not the deeds of thereby escape hell and gain heaven, God holds out no promise of salvation. That people are saved at the last moand easily sinneth; but in judging and ment of life, as was the thief on the cross, we know, but who dare say that the one who chooses to refuse the snl-

There is a time, we know not when; A place, we know not where, That seals the desliny of man

another proffer of mercy?

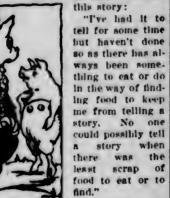
vation God offers now shall ever have

For glory or despuir. "Behold, now is the accepted time:

Ruth-What is it? behold, now is the day of salvation."

PINKY PIG'S STORY.

"As everything is quiet," said I'inky I'lg, "and as there is no food anywhere around, I will tell



"No one could," agreed Brother "I Sterted to Tell." Itacon.

"No one who had sny sense could," sald Miss Ham.

"No one with a grain of pig sense could," said Grandfuther Porky, "What do you mean by plg sense?" asked Miss Ham. "You've heard of horse sense,

haven't you?" asked Grandfather Porky. "It means that a creature who has horse sense has horse sense." "I should imagine so," said Miss Ham.

"I haven't finished speaking," said

Grandfather Porky proudly. "Finish," said Miss Ham. "You shouldn't want me to finish. You should want me to continue for a time longer," said Grandfather Porky.

"Oh, well that's all right, I don't raind who keeps on talking when there is no food around, but I meant you to finish what you were saying and that

would be continuing," said Miss Ham. Grandfather Porky whisked his crooked little tall and gruated: "I'm not quite sure if that is polite or act, hat I don't really care. I will go oa and tell what I meant to tell."

"Forgettiag entirely," squealed Pinky Pig, "that I started to tell a story.

"In a moment we will give you a chance," aald Porky. "But then maybe some food will

come end I'll aever tell that story."
"You can go on and tell the story and we can eat," said Graadfather Porky. "I couldn't do that," sald Pinky;

that would be simply impossible, horribly impossible." "Why do you say horribly impossible?" asked Miss Ham.

"Well, I liked the aounds of the words together," sald Plaky Pig. "Now Grandfather Porky," he added, "explain what you mean by pig

sense and horse sense and then I will "Don't order your elders and snlors about in that manner, please,"

sald Grandfuther Porky. "I mean, dear grandfather," squealed Pinky, "that it would be so alce to hear your explanations first,"

"That's better, that's hetter," said Grandfather Porky. "Well, horse rense means good common sense such as a horse has. Horses are supposed to be so intelligent, in fact they are very intelligent, and they have very onderful common sense.

"Now when I said pig sense I meant the kind of sense pigs have such as horse sense is the kind of sense horses have.

"Horses have common sense. That is horse sense, and pigs have a sense of greediness, and that is pig sense." All the pigs squeated and laughed hard at this. "Now Pinky, for your

story," they sald. "The other day," said Pinky, "a little girl was walking by with a small

bull dog. I heard her talking to a friend and she sald that in a place right In the city, along a city street, a small girl came up to ber as she was leading her dog along by the leash.

"The amuli girl asked her if she had a dog or a ole with her. The little girl said at first she was so surprised she thought the small girl who had

asked such a question must be joking, but no, it seemed she dida't really know and as she had never seen a pig but had heard about them she thought the buildog who looked different from other dogs ahe

had seen was one. The little girl sald she felt sorry to think that there were some children who didn't know more about animals than that, and she sald her dog wasn't angry bat understood, too.

"Gracious, that was the part of the story that amused me! The dog should have been fattered to have been taken for a pig."

"He should have been, it is true," squealed the other plgs.

Ruth-What's the matter, Johnny? Johnny-Got something in my eyel Little Johnny-Don't knew! Can't



1-"Trail's End." the residence near Dayton, O., of Gov. James M. Cox. Democratic nominee for president. 2-Delegates to the Conference of Roulogne which is being continued at Spn. Belgium. 3-Charles Francis Adams II, amateur skipper and wheelsmaa of the Itesolute, defender against Shaurock IV, la races for Amermancher . It carriement bang . in de de tie in manchen bang fre un enteren partific arthur betrette betrette film fre green fre the carried to the film of the fre the carried to the film of the film

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Third Party Movement Comes to Grief in Bolts and Splits.

PLATFORM PREVENTS FUSION

La Foliatte Declined to Lead the Redical Hoste-Lebor and Single Texsrs Nominete-Important Sedition Trisi in Chicego-Vermont Will Not Ald Suffrege -Germans Yield at Spa.

By E. F. CLIPSON. The movement to amalgamate various organizations of Socialists, farmers, ishorers, intellectuals, radicals, single taxers, idealists and othera selfing under different party designations. into a third party steered by the Committee of Forty-eight in convention at Chicago, falled, At one time prospects of fusion appeared rather favorable; when the 48-ers marched in a body o, the convention of the Labor party heing held simultaneously, and amid a great love feast and every appearence of fraternity united the two conventions. Soon the Single Taxers, the Nonpartisan league, the American Party of Texas (former Governor Ferguson), the American Constitutional party (Hearst) and the World War Veterans, an independent organization

of ex-service men, were in the fusion. A platform carrying the principles, alms, demands and desires of all of them would have contributed materially to the paper shortage. It could not he framed, much less printed, and hecame an insurmouatable obstacle. Cleavage was along pink and red lines. Labor which was red—at least red-blooded-hnd the best working organization and pushed through the adoption of its planks, leaving little chance for the pink or parlor radicals led by Amos Pinchot, George L. Record and J. A. H. Hopkins. First the Single Taxers, who wanted only one plank and could not get that, holted. Then Senator La Follette of Wisconaln, who was expected to be the messigh of the movement found the platform too radical and refused to run on it. Then the fusion dissolved in bults and fadeaways. Governor Ferguson went back to Texas, representatives of the Nonpartisan league an-nounced they would have nothing to do with the new third party, the more radical of the 48-ers were awallowed by the Labor party, the remainder withdrew, while the American Constitutional party was lost in the shuffle.

The Labor party and the Single Taxers serenely proceeded to carry out independent programs and each nominated a presidential ticket. The only victory was achieved by the La-bor party which captured Parley P. 'hristensen, an attorney of Salt Lake Mty, Utah, one of the original 48-ers, and made him its candidate. Max S. Hayes, labor leader of Cleveland, O., was nominated for vice president. l'ennsylvania, falling to land its farorite sons, Governor Sproul and Attorney General l'almer, as the standird beavers, respectively, of the Itepublican and Democratic parties, has ichleved its ambition to have a presilential candidate, for the Single Tax party nominated Itobert C. Macauley of Philadelphia, with R. C. Barnum of

Bleveland, O., as a running mate. After eight weeks of effort and the renlremen, a jury was finally secured and the trial begun la Chlcago of Willam Bross Lloyd and 19 other offirisis and members of the Communist abor party, charged with conspiracy o overthrow the government. Proserution is hy the state of Illinois and 'ollows the action of a special grand ury which last January indicted the iefendants, after a series of spectacuar raids on their headquarters and neeting places by State's Attorney Lbyd is a millionaire residoyne. lent of Winnetka, Ill., who long has seen identified with radical movements a the capacity of leader and financial asistsat. Indicted with him were

members of the astional, state and Cook county executive committees of the purty, secretaries of local branches, members of the organization and propaganda committee, organizers and agitators.

The trial is being conducted before Judge Oscar Hebel of the superlor court and presents an array of legal talent such as never assembled before in a case involving radicals and their actions, unless the famous McNamara trisl at Los Angeles he excepted. Leading counsel for the defense is Clarence Darrow, who occupied the same position in the McNamara case, and his principal assistants are William S. Forrest, a famous criminal defense lawyer, and William A. Cunnea, promlnent Socialist attorney and former candidate of that party for state's attorney of Cook county, Associated with Prosecutor Hoyne are the full legal strength of his office and eminent counsel from the outside, including Attorney Frank Comerford as specisi prosecutor. The inter in the past has been identified with some of the higgest labor cases on the defense side, this being his first essay at the role of prosecutor in an important trial of any nature. He is regarded as nn authority on mass and social problems, and returned a few months

ago from a study la Europe of bolshevism and its effects. The state scored la the preliminary sessions of the trial in securing the admission as evidence of acts and speeches of the defendants of a period prior to the passage of the state sedition isw of a year ago. The prosecution is endeavoring to show that the defendanta have declared themselves to be in full accord with the Moscow manifesto adopted in Moscow, Russia, by the third international congress in March, 1919; that the congress was composed of revolutionary socialists from Europe, Asla and America; that formmose of ing a manifesto or program which would outline the means by which constitutional governments might be overthrown and dictatorships of the proletariat established, and all nations he governed from Moscow. Also that the Communist party is affiliated with the international body and is an integral part of the Russian organization; and that the defendants state in their platform that they are for the overthrow of the government of the United States. The state further contends that they advocate mass action, In other words, proceedings from the shops and factories to capture and nnnihilate the apparatus of government and that they tell the workers that the Constitution cannot he amendable la their behalf, and therefore must be destroyed.

The defense has not, at this writing. been outlined. Volumes of testimony are expected. It is the first case under the Illinois sedition law and if won will present that law as a model for other states as well as for congressions) enactments. On account of the prominence of the defendants and the effect the decision will have on radical movements in general, it looms as one of the most important trials of recent years.

Gov. Percival W. Clement of Vermont has at last clarified his position in regard to the woman suffrage amendment, by refusing to call a speclal session of the legislature to consider or ratify the act; in spite of reports that he had been urged to do so by Senator Harding, Republican presidential candidate. Inferentially, the governor takes a rap at the Supreme court of the United States and also charges that there is too much lobbying in coanection with coastitutional amendments and other important legislation. As a reason for refusing to call a special aession, the governor states that the present legislature was elected before the question of ratifying the suffrage amendment had arisen and the people of the state have had no opportunity to express themselves on the lasue. He proposes that the matter be taken up by the next legislature and that candidates for election be required to declare themselves on woman suffrage. He alludes to the recent decision on prohibition by saying that the Constitution "as it is interpreted by the Supreme court today thresteas the foundation of free popular government." Governor Clement declares: "The sixteenth amendment to the Constitution (on federal income tax) had been to conform with lateractional markets.

lobbled through congress and the state legislatures by federal agents, and the eighteenth (prohibition) had been forced through by 'powerful and irresponsible organizations operating through pald as ints' end it is now proposed to for , through the alneteenth amend... "it, for woman suffrage, in the same manner and also without the sanction of the freemen."

Whether there will be a coal shortnge next winter seems to depend upon the car supply and transportation situation. A national association of bituminous operators recently assembled at Washington, gave out a statement that they were ready to load all cars offered but that the supply of cars at the joines had been only 35 to 40 per cent of the number needed, Accordingly, in spite of the pleas of building, rond material and other interests, the interstate commerce commission continued in effect until Aagust 20 the order confining the ase of open top cars to coal, with a modification excepting flat cars with sides less than 36 inches in height, cars equipped with racks or cars which on June 19 had been retired from coal transportation and assigned to other service. The modified order also gives preference to shipments of coal to pablic utilities.

Contrary to all expectations, Orangemen's day (July 12) passed off guletly in Ireland with parades, speechmaking and a celebration of some kind in every hamlet, village and town in Ulster. The most important utterance, defying the Sina Fein, warning the government and presaging future trouble, was ninde by Sir Edward Carson, Ulster Unionist leader. It was practically a peace or fight declaration and served notice on the government that if it did not accept the help Ulster offered, the Ulster volunteers would reorganize and take matters into their own hands. A algnificant declaration was that the Sinn Fein "must execute those guilty of murder before we will treat with them." Although not disorderly, it was a disappointment to those who boped that a conciliatory note might be struck in the celebration. The most important thing that has recently occurred in Irish affairs and which is said to have made the government sit up and take actice as never before, is the threat of British trades unions, especially the miners and railway men, to take direct action for the purpose of compelling the government to call a truce, withdraw troops from Ireland and institute an Irish parliament. A resolution to the effect introduced in the Miners' federation is said to have been adopted on a card vote by 2,760,000 against 1,626,000 and to be backed by the rallway men.

Germany's efforts to evade or se-cure mitigation of the terms of the peace treaty through the Spa conference have been characterized by the same tactics employed while the treaty was being prepared. Prior to the signing at Versailles came emphatic announcements that Germany could not or would not do certain things. Yet when the treaty was ready, the Germans signed. So it has been at Spa. The German delegates bluffed and thea crawled. They showed sores and misery without evoking any pronounced sympathy from the other delegates. They pleaded poverty. They pleaded the laabillty of the government to combat laternai opposition to the demands; yat up to this writing, they have yielded on all points. One provision of the treaty which the Germans have never fulfilled and seemed determined to evade, was that calling for the dellyery of coal to the allies. The amount called for is about 2,000,000 tons a month. According to the German delegates, the country could not furnish thie amount. They would suffer their territory to be occupied or even a renewal of the war in lieu of compliance. For nearly 24 hours there was a deadlock while the allied military chiefs were heing summoned and preparations made for marching lato Germany.

This action accmed to have the desired effect and there was every evidence that the Germans would try to supply the coal, with the allies lending them generous assistance in the matter of more end better food for the miners and en arrangement of prices

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

JACKSON COUNTY McKee

McKee, July 19 .- Ike Hays from Dayton is visiting friends in McKee and Jackson county.-Miss Linda Nevill from Lexington was here last week in the Interest of trachoma. She has arranged for a clinic to be held in McKee some time in August, and anyone wishing to have them treated may come and have them have been quite successful in tho treated without cost.-Dr. J. A. Auderson who has been living in Mc-Kec for several years has bought property in Kingston, Madison county, and will move with his family some time in September. The prople regret very much to give him un as he is a splendid doctor.-The teachers Institute convened here last week and was the hest that has been held in this county for several years. Prof. Lewis from Winchesler was the instructor. He was accompanied here by his wife.-The State Supt. Prof. Colvin was in Mc. Kee last week and attended the Ins-] titute on Thursday. He gave intenlectures which were enjoyed by everyone present.-Miss Susic Watson from Bond began her school in McKee this morning. She taught here last year, and the people of this district are fortunate in getting her back this year again.-Miss Helen Burton from Lexington was Mr. and Mrs. Harvey James, Bert here last week in interest of the Martin and family, Isaac Martin and |-fluck Johnson, of Whites Station, Junior Red Cross. She gave a very family, Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Moore who has been confined to his hed interesting talk Tuesday evening .-Charlie Lainhart from Crestmont 13 left. Lock Manal and family, Hugh Mrs. G. E. Anderson.-Mrs. Mark linnee, no assumed mandalary howvisiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell and Raymond McKnight. Spink and Mrs. Nettie Mann of Ohio Tyra Lainhart.

McKee, July 13.—The educational hoard met Monday July the 5th to elect a school supervisor and do some other work. After a close investigation the hoard elected R. O. Cornelius as he had been doing school work most of his time and has had a wide experience in the public schools of Jackson county, As a teacher, his records are good, having spent several years in Berea College and has taken some fraining in Sue Bennett School at London. It is felt he will give good service, which the county needs very much.

Carico

some hard rains and the river is having domestic science and grade full here.—Crops are fine around work in a centralized school near here.-The citizens are cutting their Warren, O. The sons are still stu- diemorlat, universite or what not. oats and report a good yield.—James dents of Beren during the school Summers is down with his back .-- year and are devoted farmers on Henry Riley has been on the slck their home farm during their valist.-Our school will start today cation periods. with E. D. Herald as teacher.-John Summers lost a fine slieep last week by dogs.-Blackherries are disturbance in the Holiness meetfor is visiting his sister.—I. D. to Altamont to haul coal this week,

MADISON COUNTY Big Hill

quite a success. Most every teacher her school at Bark Road school on

went home with many new suggestions to be used in school.

Wslaut Mesdow Walnut Meadow, July 19 .- The church atlendants of the Glades Church from around here, are quite enthusiastic over the revival being conducted by the Rev. Masters .--Miss Agnes Moore begins her school at High Point. Agues Is said 19 school she taught in this county last year.-Ray McKnighl, from near Lancaster, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Clure Anderson.-Wheat and oats are harvested and we of Walnut Meadow are looking forward to having our pike turned from a rock bed into a traversable "via,"-Miss Edith Tutt was visiting in this vicinity last week .-

Celebrate Twenty-fifth Wedding Anniversary

month found the Silver Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. and family, Chas. Anderson and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Anderson, Mr. himself or his dinner. It was Burdette Summer home, agreed by those present who knew the bride and groom of twenty-five years ago, that they are just as life and congratulated them on havare following the teaching profession. One is doing high school work Carico, July 19.-We have had school, Mechanicsville, Ia., the other

Panola

Panola, July 20.-Mr. and Mrs. getling ripe and the women are till- Troy Abney of Beattyville, after a ing their cans.-There was some pleasant visit at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. ing at Old Bend schoolhouse yes- Bicknell, have returned home. Dur vision includes more than a chief lergay .- Mr. and Mrs. Francis Rob- Luther Powell and Claude Lakes, inson have gone to Hamilton to lover-seas veterans of the World work.-John Parker of Camp Tay- War, have been discharged from service and are with delighted re-Angel, who was shot, is able to go latives .- Willie Isaacs, of Hamilton, without his crutches.- We are O., joined his wife and baby, Russell, same vision includes a cordial undersorry to hear of Frank Smith being on a visit to the family of Joseph standing and co-ordinated activities shot and killed on Borse Lick .- M. Powell-Mrs. John Freeman and Bert Summers is planning to go children, of Middlelown, O., are visiting relatives here.—Joe Mize and family have returned home .-Mr. and Mrs. Wilgus Hunter and functions of the senate, fit to be the Master Andrew were dinner guests greatest deliberative body of the Big Hill, July 19 .- Plenty of rain at Idle Wild Farm .- Mr. and Mrs. world. and the crops are growing fine. John Cox and children, Tony Hur-The new schoolhouse is to be started nam, Hussell and Dopple Maret, July 19, and to be completed by were also afternoon guests of Mr. September 1,-Willie Abrams' boy and Mrs. C. M. Rawlings.-Mrs. was accidently shot by a younger Crule Rohinson and daughters brother. He was taken to the Rob- are the guests at the home of Erby fut of our constitutional oldignitions. inson Hospital Vast Saturday even- Bicknell.-Mr. and Mrs. Noah Powell, Ing and died Sunday. The parents Mr. and Mrs. Walker Richardson have our deepest sympathy .- Mr, and Lloyd Patrick, of Middletown, and Mrs. M. D. Settle, Sherman Set- O., were guests of the family of J. tle and Dr. Settle have been spend- W. Patrick, Sunday.—The Baptists ing a few weeks at the Hot Springs are still holding their tent meetings and Mt. Jackson, Ind .- Mr. and Mrs., with a good attendance .- The Rev. M. D. Settle and Sherman have ro- Hobard Richardson and the Rev. lurued.-Miss Lucy Hayes began Tye Isaacs preached at Beech Grove her school at Mallory Springs, July schoolhouse Saturday night and 19. This makes five years she has Sunday.-Mr. and Mrs. Henry Isaacs duence, which it was proposed to extaught at Mallory and ten at Pliot and children were guests at the Knoh .- Institute at Richmond, which home of Mr. and Mrs. Herhert Lakes was conducted by Prof. Ward, was Sunday.-Miss Merle Wilson opened

Whites Station, Ky.

Annual FIDDLERS' Meeting AT BEREA, KY. The Progress Club will hold a meeting of "Old Time Fiddlers,"

at the College Tabernaclé, on Saturday evening, August 21, 1920. Circumstances have made this change of date necessary.

The first prize is Fifty Dollars, the second is Thirty Dollars, and the third is Twenty Dollars. The number of contestants for these three prizes is limited to fifteen.

Also a prize of Ten Dollars will be given to the fiddler who plays the best tune with accompaniment. The number of contestants for this prize is limited to six.

The Club will pay the railway lare (not to exceed ten dollars) of all fiddlers who play at the meeting, but not the fare of their accompanists. The awarding of the prizes will be left to a vote of the fiddlers

who take part in the program. It you wish to take part in the contest write for particulars to ALSON BAKER, Herea, Kentucky.

the 19th, with a good attendance People are taking advantage of the bountiful blackberry crop by

conserving to the limit.-We have

an abundance of penches, but apples

are not so plentiful.-Johnnie Benge

is convalescing with his injured

Silver Creek Silver Creek, July 19,-Mr. and Sunday being the 18th of the Mrs. Joe Daugherty and son of Winchester visited the latter's sister. Mrs. G. E. Anderson .- A party of five. Ogg being celebrated by relatives consisting of C. T. Todd, Will Anderand friends. Those present were son, Mait Whitemore, Dave Smith. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Ogg, E. F. Ogg and a friend, motored to Lexington, Frankfort and Richmond Tuesday .-Miss Nannie Johnson and Mrs. Minnie Gadd motored to Richmond Wed" and Mrs. Will Anderson and little nesday to attend Teachers', Instidaughter, Chas. Duerson and family, into-Horn to Mr. and Mrs. Billy Lamb, a boy, christened Joe Martln. and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Haw- so long, was the guest of his sister. Everyhody seemed to enjoy either are spending a few days at the

Clay Lick, July 19 .- Corn and togood looking and as happy looking bacco crops are looking fine in this as they were on that memorable vicinity.—The Estridge school heday when the perverse couple made gan July 19, with Mrs. Eliza Ogg their way from Rockcastle county as teacher.-Mr. and Mrs. Winkler to Lancaster, Garrard county, ac- of Red Lick were visiting the latcompanied by W. A. Ogg and Miss ter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wolford Jennie Jackson, now Mrs. L. V. Logsdon, last week-Misses Addie Moore. Those present wished the and Eppie Williams attended the host and hostess a long and happy institute at Richmond last week. Mrs. George Huff and son, Marsell, ing four noble children, two daugh- were visiting in Berea Sunday:ters and two sons. The daughters Mr. and Mrs. Grover Botkin, of are graduates of Berea College and Berea, and Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Bot-(Continued on Page Five)

in Mechanicsville consolidated HARDING SPEECH OF ACCEPT-TANCE A NEW KEYNOTE (Continued from Page One)

rone personn) government, individual, No man is big enough to run tida great republic. There never has been one. Such domination was never in-Tranquility, stability, depend ability-nil are assured in party sponsorship, and we mean to renew the as surrences which were rended in the cataclysmni war.

Dur first committed is the restoration of representative popular govern ment, under the constitution, through the agency of the Republican party. executive, we believe in a cabinet of nighest enpirelty, equal to the responsihillities which our system contemplates, in whose councils the vice president, second official of the republie, shall be asked to participate. The with a house of Congress, fresh from the people, voteing the convictions which members bring from direct con-tact with the electorate, and cordial co-operation along with the restored

International Relationship. it is not difficult, Chairman Lodge, to make ourselves clear on the question of international relationship We Republicans of the senate, con scions of our sedemn eaths and mindwhen we saw the structure of s world super-government taking vis tonnry form, joined in a becoming warning of our devotion to this republic. If the torch of constitutionalism had not been dimmed, the delayed peace of the world and the tragedy of disappointment and Europe's misun dersinnding of America easily might have been avoided. The Republicans of the senate butted the harter of independent American eminence and inchange for an obscure and unequal place in the merged government of the world. Our party means to hold the heritage of American nationality unimpaired and unsurrendered.

The world will not misconstrue. We do not mean to hold aloof. We do not mean to shun a single responsibility of this republic to world civilization. no hate in the American heart. Wa have no envy, no suspicion, no aversion for any people in tha world. We hold to our rights, and mean to defend, aye, we mean to sustain the rights of this nation and our citizens alike, everywhere under the shlulug sun. Yet there is the concord of amity and sympathy and fraiernity in every resolution. There is a genuine aspiration in every American breast for a tranquil friendship with all the world.

one may rendly sense the conscience of our America. I am sure I understand the jurpose of the dominant group of the senate. We were not seeking to defeat a world aspiration, we were resolved to safeguard America We were resolved then, even as we are today, and will be iomorrow, to preserve this free and incependent republic.

In the call of the conscience of America is peace, peace that closes the gaping wound of world war, and allences the impassioned voices of intermilonal envy and distrust. Heeding this call and knowing as I do the disposition of the Congress, I promise you formal and effective peace at quickly as a Reputdienn Congress can pass its declaration for a Republican excentive to sign.

It is better to be the free and distinterested agent of interpational justice and advancing civilization, with the covenant of conscience, than be shackled by a written compact which surrenders our freedom of action and gives to a military alliance the right to procinim America's duty to the world. No surrender of rights to a world council or its military atever appealing, ever shall summon the sons of this republic to war. Their supreme sacrifice shall only he asked for America and its call of henor. There is a sanctity in that right we will not delegate.

Leaving America Independent, Disposed as we are, the way is very

dimple. Let the fallure attending asemoption, obstinacy, impracticability and delay be recognized, and let us find the big, practical, unselfish way do our part, neither covetous be suse of ambition nor hesitant through fenr, but rendy to serve ourselves, huminity and God. With a senate ad-dsing us the constitution contemplates, would hopefully approach the antions of Europe and of the earth, proposing that understanding which makes us a willing participant in the consecration of nations to a new relationship, to commit the moral forces of the world, America Included, to peace and ntermitional justice, still leaving America free, independent and self-reliant, out offering friendship to all the world, It is folly to close our eyes to outstanding facts. Humanity is restive, much of the world is in revolution, the agents of discord and destruction mive wrought their tragedy in pathetic Bussia, have lighted their torches imong other bec les, and hope to see America as a part of the great Red contingration. Ours is the temple of liberty under the law, and it is ours to all the Sons of Opportunity to its defense. America must not only save herself, but ours must be the appealing voice to soher the world,

It must be understood that toll alone makes for accomplishment and advalicement, and righteens possession is the reward of toll, and its incentive, There is no progress except in the stimulus of competition

The chief trouble today is that the world war wrought the destruction of healthful competition, left our storehouses empty, and there is a minimum production when our need is maximnm. Maximums, not minimums, is the call of America. It isn't a new story, because war never falls to leave depleted storehouses and always impairs the efficiency of production. War also estaldishes its higher standards for wages, and they abide. I wish the higher wage to abide, on one explicit eundition-that the wage-carner will give full return for the wage received,

Production, Mare Production.

I want, somehow, to appeal to the sons and daughters of the republic, to every producer, to join hand and brain in production, more production, honest production, patriotic production, because patriotic production is no less a defense of our best civilizaiton than that of armed force. Profiteering is a crime of commission, under-production is a crime of omission. We must work our most and hest, else the destructive reaction will come, The menucing lendency of the present day is not chargeable wholly to the unsettled and fevered conditions caused by the war. The manifest weakness in popular government lies in the temptation to appeal to grouped citizenship for political advantage.

It would be the hilindness of folly to ignore the activities in our own country which are almed to destroy our economic ayatem, and to commit us to the coloasal tragedy which has destroyed all freedom and made itussia impotent. This movement is not to be haited in throttled liberties. We must not abridge the freedom of speech, the freedom of press, or the freedom of assembly, because there is no protaise in repression. These libertles are as sacred as the freedom of religious belief, as inviolable as the rights of life and the pursuit of happiness. We do hold to the right to crush sedition, to stiffe a menacing coatempt for law, to stamp out a peril to the safety of the republic or its people, when eraer-

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CHANGE IN RATES

iteginning March t, the rates for board and room of private parients will be \$15 to \$18 per week. The rates for patients cared for in the wards will remain the same-\$1 per day. By Order of Printential Committee, Iterea College

gency calls, because security and the nialesty of the law are the first ensentials of liberty. He who threatens destruction of the government by force or flaunts his contempt for invful authority, ceases to be a toyal cutten and forfelts his rights to the free-tom of the republic.

No party is indifferent to the welfare of the wage-earner. To us his good fortune is of deepest concern, and we seek to make that good fortune permisnent. We do not oppose hat approve collective bargaining, because that is an outstanding right, but we are unaiterably insistent that its evercise must not destroy the equally saered right of the individual, in his necessary pursuit of livelihood. Any American has the right to gult his employment, so has every American the right to seek employment. The group must not endanger the individual, and we must discourage groups preying upon one mother, and none shall be allowed to forget that the government's obligations are alike to all the people,

No Strike Against Government. We are so confident that much of the

present-day insufficiency and inefficiency of transportation are due to the withering hand of government operation that we emphasize anew our opposillon to government ownership, we want to expedite the reparation and make sure the mistake is not repeated.

A state of inadequate transportation facilities, mainly chargeshie to the fallure of governmental experiment, is losing millions to agriculture. it is hindering industry, it is menacing the American people with a fuel shortige little less than a peril it cu plusizes the present-day problem and auggests that spirit of encouragement and assistance which commits all America to relieve auch an emergency.

Gross expansion of currency and predit have depreciated the deliar just as expansion and inflation lave elis credited the coins of the world. inflated in baste, we must define in deliberation. We debased the delibr in reckless finance, we must restore in

In all sincerity we promise the prevention of unreasonable profits, we challenge profileering with all the morat force and the legal powers of gavernment and people, but it is fair, aye, It is timely, to give reminder that law is not the sole corrective of our eco nomie ills.

Drive Against Extravagance. Let un eall to all the people for

rift and economy, for deplut and sac rifice if need be, for a nation-wide drive against extravagance and luxury, to a recommittal to simplicity of living, to that prudent and normal plan of life which is the health of the republic.

New conditions, which attend amaz tog growth and extraordinary industrial development, call for a new and forward-looking program. The American farmer had a hundred and twenty millions to feed in the home murket, and heard the ery of the world for food and answered II, though he faced an appalling task amid handleaps never encountered before,

Contemplating the defenselessness of the individual farmer to meet the organized buyers of his products and the distributors of the things the farmer huys, I hold that fainers should not only be permitted but encouraged to fold in co-operative association to reap the just measure of reward merited by

Our platform is to earnest pledge of renewed concern for this most essentinl and elemental industry and in both appreciation and interest we pledge effective expression in law and practice. We will halt that co-operation which again will make profitable and desirable the ownership and operation of comparatively small farm intensively entitivated, and which will fuellitate the caring for the products of farm and orchard without the inmentable waste under present condi-

America would look with anxiety on the discouragement of farming activity either through the government's neglect or its paralysis by suchilistic practices. A Republican administration will be committed to renewed re gard for agriculture, and seek the participation of farmers in curing the llis justly complained of, and aim to place the American farm where it ought to he-highly ranked in American setivities and fully sharing the highest good fortunes of American

Becomingly associated with this aubject are the policies of irrigation and reclamation, so essential to agricultural expansion, and the continued development of the great and wonderful West. It is our purpose to continue and enlarge federal aid, not in sectional partiality, but for the good of all America,

I believe the budget system will effect a necessary, helpful reformation, and reveal business methods to gov-

ernment business. I believa federal departments should back to prod a fort thousands of federal envilonments at a are either duplicating cark or not essential at

I believe in the protective tariff policy and know we will be calling for lls saving Americanism up an I believe in a great merchant ma-

rine. I would have this republic the leading maritime nation of the world. I believe in a navy ample to protect it, and able to assure as dependable defense.

I believe in a small army, but the best in the world, with a mindfulness for preparedness which will avoid the unutterable cost of our previous neg-

I believe in our eminence in trade abreed, which the government should nid in expanding, both in revenling nurkets and speeding curples

I believe in establishing standards for immigration, which are concerned with the future citizenship of the repuldle, not with mere upon power in in-

I telleve that every nun who dons the garb of American citizenship and walks in the light of American opportunity, must become American in heart and soul.

I believe in holding first to every forward step in unslackling child in har and elevating conditions of womn's employment, I believe the federal government

doubt simp out lynclding and renove that sinin from the fair name of I believe the federal revernment should give its effective aid in solving

the problem of ample and becoming ionsing of its citizenskip. I believe this government should nake its Liberty and Victory bonds worth ult that its patriotic citizens

pald in purchasing them. .Taxea Must Be Reduced.

I believe the tax furdens impose t for the war emergency must be racheed to the needs of peace, and in the interest of equity in distribution of the

I believe the negro citizens of Amerca should be guaranteed the enjoyment of all their rights, that they have earned the full measure of citizenship estowed, that their sacrifices he blood on the battlefields of the republic have entitled them to all of freedom and opportunity, all of sympathy and ald that the American spirit of fairness and justice demands.

I believe there is an easy and open oath to righteous relationship with Mexico. It has seemed to me that our undeveloped, uncertain and heftra policy has made as a culpable party to the governmental misfortunes in that land. Our relations ought to be both friendly and sympathetic; we would like to accinim a stable government there, and offer a neighborly hand in pointing the way to greater progress.

I believe in law enforcement. If elected I mean to be a constitutions! president, and it is impossible to ignore the constitution, unthinkable to evade the law, when our every coramilttni is to orderly government,

The four million defenders on land end sen were worthy of the heat tradithous of a people never war-like in peace and never pacitist in war. They commanded our pride, they have our gratitude, which must have genuine expression. It is not only a duty, it is a privilege to see that the sacrifices ainde shall be requitted, and that those still suffering from ensunities and disabilities shall be abundantly aided and restored to the highest capabilities of eltlzenship and its enjoyment.

Advocates Woman Suffrage. The womanhood of America, always

its glory, its inspiration and the potent, uplifting force in its social and spiritual development, is about to be enfranchised. In so far as congress can go, the fact is already accomplished. By party edict, by my recorded vote, by personal conviction I am committed to this measure of justice. It is my earnest hope, my sincere desire that the one needed state vote be quickly recorded in the affirmation of the right of equal suffrage and that the vote of every citizen shall be cast and counted in the approaching election.

And to the great number of noble women who have opposed in conviction this tremendous change is the ancient relation of the sexes as applied to government, I venture to plead that they will accept the full responsibility of enlarged eltizenship and give to the best in the republic their suffrage and support,

Ours is not only a fortunata people but a very common-sensical people, with vision high but their feet on the earth, with belief in themselves and faith in God. Whether enamies threaten from without or menaces arise from within, there is some indefinable voice saying, "Have confidence in the republic! America will go ou!"

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